All the News
For Twelve Cents
Per Week.
Try
THE MORNING STAR,

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-class Mail Matter.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Don't Miss
Davis & Zoeller's
GREAT ANNUAL
Resolution Sale of
DryGoods
Commencing with our
Great
BARGAIN
DAY
To-Morrow!
$20,000 to be sacrificed before stock-taking. Everything at your own prices.
—AT—
Davis & Zoeller's,
The Tireless Toilers for Trade in
The Dry Goods Line.
dec 30 tf

W. E. SPRINGER & CO.,
Purcell Building,
Wilmington, N. C
Importers and Jobbers
American, English
And German
Hardware
Tinware,
Earthenware,
Cutlery,
Guns,
Ammunition, &c.
sep 23 tf

Handkerchiefs.
Hemstitched
White Handkerchiefs.
Embroidered
White Handkerchiefs.
Colored Silk
Handkerchiefs.
Plain White
Handkerchiefs.
Embroidered Silk
Handkerchiefs.
Colored Brocade Silk
Handkerchiefs.
Cream Brocade Silk
Mufflers.
You are invited to call and look at our Stock.
C. E. Gordon,
N. E. Cor. Market and Front sts.,
Wilmington, N. C.
dec 29 tf

Seasonable Goods.
In store, and arriving daily, a choice selection of seasonable goods. We have on hand
RAISINS of every variety, from 8c to 25c per pound.
CITRON, from 15c to 25c per lb.
CURRENTS, all prices, all grades.
NUTS, all prices, all grades.
We would like to call special attention to our assortment of the above goods.
CHEESE—Switzer, Roquefort, Neufchetel, Framage de Bric, Edam, Pineapple, English Dairy and American Cream. All fresh and of finest quality.
Plum Pudding and Mince Meat.
Cakes and Crakers. A beautiful variety of all kinds, too great an assortment to specify. Will have to be seen to be appreciated.
The above are only a few of our specialties. Our assortment is complete and we invite all to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.
With four wagons we can deliver promptly.
THE JOHN L. BOATWRIGHT CO.,
WILMINGTON, N. C.
Telephone No. 14. dec 9 tf

THE MORNING STAR

VOL. LV.—NO. 76. WILMINGTON, N. C., FRIDAY, JANUARY 4, 1895. WHOLE NO. 8,630

If You Want
ALL THE NEWS
IN GOOD SHAPE,
Read
THE MORNING STAR.

OUTLINES.

Congress in session—A small attendance of Senators and Representatives. the Nicaragua Canal bill in the Senate, and the Currency bill in the House. —— Chicago grain and provision market. —— Robbers make a haul in the Cincinnati postoffice. —— Cotton spots and futures. —— Chronic turbulence among foreigners in Pennsylvania. —— Twenty-two million dollars to be coined into eagles and half eagles at the Philadelphia Mint. —— The John L Sullivan Company disbanded at Paris, Ill. —— Violent earthquake in Italy. —— The postoffice a Decatur, Ala., robbed; important arrests made in Texas. —— Report of the special committee of the New York Chamber of Commerce recommending that the Lexow committee be continued, with enlarged powers. —— Pollard-Breckinridge trouble in Kentucky. —— The prize ring—Billy Murphy the winner in a contest at Cincinnati. —— Gov. Mitchell, of Florida, has revoked the requisition for Flegler, of New York, issued by request of the Governor of Texas. —— New York markets: Money on call was easy, ranging 1@3 per cent., with last loan at 1½ per cent., and closing offered at 1½ per cent; Cotton dull middling gulf 5 15 16c; middling uplands 5 11-16c; Southern flour dull but steady; wheat steady, with a moderate demand; No. 2 red in store and at elevator 60⅜ cents; afloat 63¾ cents; corn dull and nominal; No 2 at elevator 51½ cents; afloat —— cents; spirits turpentine quiet and steadier at 27½@28 cents; rosin dull but steady; strained common to good $1.85@1.40

Some sharper has been circulating Confederate money in Germany, and the unsophisticated rural German took it right along and thought it was jam up United States money.

According to statistics four out of five suicides are men, from which it may be inferred that women do not follow the men so much as some people say they do.

Mrs. Amelia Bloomer, the inventor of the dress for women which bore her name, died at Council Bluffs, Iowa, last Sunday; but the dress still survives.

Senator Berry, of Arkansas, is quoted as saying that there is little hope of the Carlisle bill, the railroad pooling bill or the Nicaragua Canal bill passing the Senate.

Philadelphia claims to have more dwellings within her corporate limits than any other city in the United States. But with this she built $23,000,000 worth last year.

A Canadian Alderman is under arrest charged with demanding $13,000 to bribe thirteen aldermen to get a certain job through. The other aldermen got mad at being valued at only $1,000 each.

A Wilkesbarre, Pa., barber is suing a man for ten cents, the price of a shave. The man had such a close shave that he refused to pay, which the barber man looked upon as a base faced proceeding and got mad.

Senator Sherman proposes to regulate the sleeping car business. One of the great defects of the Senator's bill is that while it proposes to regulate the sleeping-car it lets the porter run his business in the old way.

Queen Victoria got her Christmas turkey from Connecticut. With the the amount of American stuff the royal family of England consume there is no reason why they shouldn't become largely Americanized in time.

It isn't easy to shake off habits contracted. There is an old lady in Eastport, Maine, who years ago contracted the habit of making crazy quilts, and it clings to her at the age of 82. She has made nine in the past year an a half.

Andrew Carnegie is going to sue the Government for the $140,000 Secretary Herbert docked him for the blow holes in his armor plating. He thinks the Government ought to be pretty well satisfied that he didn't charge for the holes.

They are not all dead yet. A colored man who shook hands with George Washington, has turned up at Hoosac Falls, N. Y. He was born a slave in New York, and claims to be 114 years old. He is yet nimble and walks without a cane.

The gold product of the world for the past year is estimated at $175,000,000. There has been wonderful development in the mining section of South Africa. If gold is as abundant in that country as they say it is it will be cheaper than copper after awhile.

Senator Cameron of Pennsylvania and Butler of South Carolina used to be chums, but Gen. Butler has been away from Washington so much recently that Senator Cameron got lonesome, and now chums with Senator Brice. His fondness for associating with Democrats might lead to the hope that he may eventually be reformed.

Bargain day at Katz & Polvogt's, 116 Market street. Great values in dry goods. †

A contemporary asks: "Is Superintendent Byrnes (of the New York police) an honest man?" We don't know, and to be candid about it, we don't care. But when a Supt. of Police out of nothing could accumulate in a few years a fortune of about $350,000, there might be grounds for suspecting his honesty.

That fellow out West, who was arrested recently while on his way to Washington to shoot the President, was a Republican newspaper correspondent who became addled. If all the crazy Republican newspaper writers started out to kill somebody the jails would be full.

China exports $460,000 worth of human hair every year. This will account for so many shaved-headed cue-nous looking Chinamen.

When the Princess of Wales travels she always carries with her a favorite white cat. The Princess seems to be fond of mews 1c.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

STAR OFFICE—Press boy wanted.
SAM'L BEAR SR.—Tobacco, snuff.
OPERA HOUSE—A Parisian Romance.

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

—It was announced in Wilmington yesterday that the firm of J. T. Williams & Cooper, of Autreyville, N. C., had made an assignment.

— North Carolina should send a long train of cars loaded with corn to the starving people of Nebraska. The railroads will furnish transportation free.

— One who knows informs the STAR that the cotton factory at Maxton is paying handsomely. This agrees with reports from mills all through the South. Wilmington should take the hint.

— The C. F. & Y. V. R. R. will sell round trip tickets for Raleigh, on account of meeting of Grand Lodge of Masons, January 8th to 9th, inclusive. Rate from Wilmington $6.55; Fayetteville, $4 00; Maxton, $5.45.

— Mr. A. F. Bowen, of Raleigh, who acted as referee and time-keeper for Mr. H. C. McNair in the checker contest at Asheville, says the contest would have been much closer and might have resulted differently had not Mr. McNair been taken sick.

— Florence *Times*: "Train 55 from Wilmington last night was crowded with negro hands going to Georgia. There were very near 300 of them on train 33 when it left here for Charleston. Several extra coaches were added to the train in order to accommodate the crowd."

— The sale of reserved seats for the coming engagement of Mr. Richard Mansfield will begin at 7 o'clock tomorrow (Saturday) morning at Yates' book store. Although through inadvertence it had been stated that the sale would not commence until Monday morning, it will certainly commence tomorrow morning.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Mr. J. O. Tillery, of Rocky Mount, is a visitor in the city.

— Mr. Johnson W. Graham has accepted a position with The Orton.

— Mr. F. M. Sawyer returned yesterday, accompanied by his bride.

— Mr. J. H. Maxwell, of the Columbus *News*, was a visitor in the city yesterday.

— Mr. W. S. Maddox, a popular young man of Atlanta, Ga., is in the city visiting friends.

— Capt. G. G. Lynch, train master for the A. C. L. at Florence, S. C., was in the city yesterday on business.

— Chief Martin Newman left yesterday for New York on a short visit to members of his family residing in that city.

—Messrs. Wm. Butler, Jr., of Columbia; W. G. Hall, Elkton; J. F. Taylor, Hazelhurst, were visitors in the city yesterday.

— Clinton *Democrat*: Miss Bettie Johnson, of Wilmington, is visiting relatives in town.—Mr. John Niemyer is back on the Clinton branch vestibule after spending several days with his son, Mr. James Niemyer, in Raleigh.—Mr. Frank McQueen left last week for Rocky Mount, where he will buy cotton during the remainder of the season for Messrs. A. Spruit & Son, of Wilmington.

THE WEATHER.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE,
WEATHER BUREAU.
WILMINGTON, N. C., Jan. 4.

Meteorological data for yesterday:
Temperature: 8 a. m., 38°; 8 p. m 38°; maximum, 45°; minimum, 35°; mean, 40°.
Rainfall for the day .03; rainfall for the month up to date .04 inches.

FORECASTS FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina and South Carolina, fair; westerly to northeasterly winds.

Edward Pomeroy.

Mr. Edward Pomeroy, who died suddenly from an attack of paralysis, in Richmond, Wednesday, was well known among the horsemen of this State and had a number of friends in Wilmington, where he was well known. He drove in many of the races on the track of the old Cape Fear Agricultural Association. He was for many years a citizen of Raleigh, where his remains were taken for interment.

Flannel underwear for gents, ladies and children at Katz & Polvogt to-day at cut prices. This is their Bargain Day. †

OPERA HOUSE.

Mr. Richard Mansfield in "A Parisian Romance" Next Tuesday Evening.

There is not a local theatre-goer, who claims to know anything about art on the stage, who would not regret to hear that Mr. Richard Mansfield had decided to confine his operations exclusively to a few of the larger cities. He has always been welcomed here, not only because he was worthy of it, but because the people in general have learned to like him for himself. No young man has ever risen so rapidly or won his way into the hearts and good will of theatre-goers in such a surprisingly short time. It is his deep artistic sense that first drew attention to his work and it is the same attention to detail and study that has placed him where he is to-day. There can be no question but that Mr. Mansfield and his splendid company will get a royal reception at the Opera House on next Tuesday evening. His great characterization of Baron Chevreal, in "A Parisian Romance," will surely be witnessed with absorbing interest. The sale of seats will open on to-morrow, Saturday morning, at Yates.'

STRICKEN NEBRASKA.

Will Not North Carolina Respond to Her Appeal for Help.

The people of North Carolina should contribute to the relief of the stricken people of Nebraska. Read the following, which gives really but a faint idea of the suffering in that State:

"The recent blizzard which swept over the Northwest has inaugurated a season of severe winter weather that has largely aggravated the already great destitution and sufferings of the people of the State of Nebraska.

Throughout a large section of that State the drought last Summer caused almost a total loss of the corn crop. As a consequence, where the animals had not starved, the people have been forced to sell off their hogs and other live stock which they could not feed, and forced sales always impose a sacrifice to sellers. Driven to serious straights by the destruction of their chief food supply, the sufferings of the unfortunate people have been increased by the stormy wintry weather to a degree that is not endurable, and the accounts which come of the situation in Nebraska are truly terrible.

The wretched sufferers inhabit wide expanses of open plain, which in Summer are subject to destructive droughts, while in the Winter the Northern blizzards rush down upon them with freezing fury. They have little or nothing upon which to live, and are destitute of the means of getting away. They are making appeals for help, and in this connection it has been proposed to send them from the South a train-load of meat and corn."

Louisiana Rice Crop.

The Louisiana *Planter* for December 29, reports as follows:

The rice market is dull, and both rough and clean show only a light demand. The movement is small, but business will probably revive after the holidays.

The receipts at New Orleans from August 1, 1894, to December 28, 1894, compared with last year, same time, were as follows:

	Sacks Rough.	Bbls. Clean.
This year...	545,935	854
Last year...	633,833	3,378

A Texas Lawyer's Story.

A story is told of a Texas lawyer who was appealing most eloquently to the jury on behalf of his client, who was being tried for larceny. The lawyer's defence was so thrilling and pathetic that even the prisoner himself was moved to tears, and was wiping his eyes with a handkerchief, when his attorney turned and asked the jury to gaze on the honest features of his client, and say if they could believe that it was possible for a man with such an honest face to be guilty of theft. Suddenly the lawyer paused, gasped for breath and ejaculated: "Well, I'll be blowed if that blankety blank scoundrel hasn't swiped my pocket handkerchief."

Weather in December.

The monthly meteorological summary for December, 1894, furnished by the Weather Bureau, shows that the mean temperature was 49 degrees; highest, 74° on the 9th; lowest, 14° on the 29th; mean temperature for the month for 24 years, 48°.

The total rainfall during the month was 0.78 of an inch; average precipitation for this month for 24 years, 3.05 inches.

There were 15 clear days; 8 partly cloudy, and 10 cloudy; a thunder-storm on the 26th and a snow-storm on the 29th.

COTTON FACTS AND FIGURES.

— Receipts here yesterday 106 bales; same day last year 244.

— Spot cotton dull in New York at 5 11-16c. for middling; steady in Wilmington at 5c.

— New York futures closed steady and 2 to 3 points lower than closing quotations Wednesday: January opened at 5 46 and closed 5 46; February, 5 47 and closed 5 47; March, 5 50 and closed 5 51; April, 5 55 and closed 5 56; May, 5 60 and closed 5 61; June, 5 65 and closed 5 65; July, 5 69 and closed 5 70; August, 5 74 and closed 5 75; September, 5 77 and closed 5 78; October, 5 80 and closed 5 81; November, 5 85 bid; December, 5 90 bid.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—106 bales cotton, 9 casks spirits turpentine, 53 bbls rosin, 28 bbls tar.

C. F. & Y. V. R. R.—88 casks spirits turpentine, 73 bbls rosin.

Steamer Daggett—4 bbls tar, 9 bbls crude turpentine.

Total receipts—Cotton, 106 bales; spirits turpentine, 47 casks; rosin, 125 bbls; tar, 32 bbls; crude turpentine, 9 bbls.

Mourning dress goods to-day at cut prices. Bargain day at Katz & Polvogt's. Among other values in this line they offer 90c silk finished Henriettas at 69c, 65c qualities at 39c. Don't miss the sale. †

ORDER OF ODD FELLOWS.

Installation of Officers of Cape Fear, Orion, and Wilmington Lodges—Officers of Hanover Lodge to be Installed To-Night.

Last night, at Cape Fear Lodge room, District Deputy Grand Master A. J. Howell, Jr., assisted by Past Grands W. W. Jacobi as Grand Marshal, Walker Taylor, as Grand Warden, W. J. Washburn, Grand Secretary, N. Jacobi Grand Treasurer, and B. W. Durham Grand Herald, installed the following officers:

CAPE FEAR LODGE, NUMBER TWO.
S P G—W H Yopp.
N G—Joseph Jacobi.
R and F S—A J Yopp.
Treasurer—Wm Goodman.
Conductor—T H Thompson.
Warden—W J Washburn.
Chaplain—C D Jacobs.
O G—W M Hays.
I G—J M Holmes.
R S to N G—A J Marshall.
L S to N G—J T Scott.
R S to V G—B H Scott.
L S to V G—W A Spencer.
R S S—F Ladella.
Organist—Wm Fleet.

ORION LODGE NUMBER SIXTY-SEVEN.
S P G—G W Branch.
N G—E T Maron.
R S—L T Bowden.
P S—J E Silva.
Treasurer—J L Dudley.
R S to N G—W J Reaves.
R S to V G—W W Yopp.
L S to V G—Jno B Gordon.

WILMINGTON LODGE NUMBER ONE HUNDRED AND THIRTY-NINE.
S P G—J J Hopkins.
N G—W C Smith.
V G—M C S Noble.
Secretary—J M McGowan.
F S—H W Collins.
Treasurer—B J Jacobs.
Conductor—W S Wishart.
Warden—J H Hardin.
Chaplain—W L Jacobs.
O G—T G Evans.
I G—J R Smith.
R S to N G—R H Northrop.
L S to N G—W A McGowan.
R S to V G—E Wooten.
L S to V G—W E Mann.
R S S—S J Stevens.
L S S—J L Bowden.
Organist—M Guldbranson.

The officers of Hanover Lodge No. 145, will be installed on Friday night, as they were not ready.

There was a very large attendance.

Col. Walker Taylor, chairman of the Relief Committee, made an elaborate report of Odd Fellows relieved—strangers who were ready to bless the Order for its practice of Friendship, Love and Truth.

NEBRASKA SUFFERERS.

The Kansas and Nebraska sufferers should remind us of the help that came to the yellow fever sick years ago from the North. Not very many have yet responded; only seventy-five garments sent in, but others have promised. I'll keep back the shipment till Monday. Let your light so shine—Matt. 5 16. Don't be so afraid to let your left-hand get acquainted with your right-hand—Matt. 6 3. One noble, pious girl has sacrificed some of her own clothing; her noble brother of pure Christian character also sent a dozen new pieces. I shall publish the names of all who contribute unless they object. If you prefer to make your own shipment do so. Your ministers have responded from their scant salaries. JNO. F. BUTT,
616 North Fifth street.

The Postoffice Must Come.

Two or three more cotton mills in Wilmington would not only pay the stockholders good dividends, but would give employment to several hundred worthy people. One of the greatest drawbacks to this city is the large number of unemployed persons. It is the hum of machinery that gladdens the hearts of the poor and makes the business of a town lively.

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in the Wilmington Postoffice January 4, 1895:

WOMEN'S LIST.
A—Miss Annie Avera.
B—Miss Susan Braddy, miss Francis Bosey.
H—Mrs Amanda Hales.
M—Miss Hannie Moore, miss Annie McKoy, miss Sarah McCullough, mrs W J McKay.
O—Mrs Amanda Oliver.
P—Pheby Peterson.
Q—Miss Alice Quelch.
R—Mrs E G Rannels, mrs Isabella B Robinson.
S—Mrs M A Stafford, miss Emma Smith, mrs Martha Sanders.
T—Miss Bertha Tomlinson, mrs Eliza Taylor.
W—Mrs Alice Walters, mrs Alice Wanel, mrs A A Wells, Phillis Walker, mrs Rev Robt White.

MEN'S LIST.
B—Mr S W Barnes, Mr W Geo Bright.
C—T A Crews, S W Cooper.
D—Mr G H Dudley, Mr Mohawk Dick.
E—Mr Peter Evans.
F—L L Fennell.
G—J S Grimes (3).
H—Hesie Hair, J Elma Hinnant.
J—Geo T Jones, William James, Mr Geo Johnson.
M—Dr M McKay, J W McClellan, Mr C A Mash, R J Moore, Mr Samuel Mein.
P—Mr R J Pridgen, Mr A B Purdie (3).
R—Mr B J River, M A Robson, Mr Garrison Reade, Mr. Herbert Rich, Mr J C Richards, Mr Jacob Robinson, Willie I Ross.
S—Daire Sulavan, Wellington Stevenson, W N Snell, Robert Spicer, J W Sneeden, G H Smith, Frank Stucker, Alex E St George, A M Strout.
V—Joe Vanice.
W—H Webb, Mitchell Wooten, J H Whitaker, Wilmington Collecting Agency.

RETURNED FROM DEAD-LETTER OFFICE.
D—Mary Grace Davis, Rev Amos M C Devane.
S—Hattie Scott.
M—Wm Martin.
W—Hattie Williams, Jno Wells.

Persons calling for above letters will please say advertised. If not called for in 15 days, they will be sent to the dead letter office.

GEO. L. MORTON, Postmaster.

Silks and Satins at Reduced prices at Katz & Polvogt, 116 Market street. †

SEABOARD AIR LINE.

The New Vice-President Took Charge January 1st—He Issues a Circular.

Vice-President St. John took charge of the Seaboard Air Line January 1st, and issued the following circular:

SEABOARD AIR LINE,
OFFICE OF THE VICE PRESIDENT,
PORTSMOUTH, VA., Jan. 1, 1895.

To all Interested:

In assuming the duties of Vice-President of the railroads comprising the Seaboard Air Line, the undersigned desires to express to one and all connected therewith feelings of entire cordiality, with the added hope that the New Year upon which we are just entering may be a most prosperous one.

The property entrusted to our care is a very valuable one, requiring at our hands the greatest considerations. Our efforts must be to increase in every legitimate manner possible its business while care in the protection of its revenues by the practice of economies, not injurious to its necessities, is enjoined upon all. Let the question be, how much (not how little) can we personally do, to aid in the accomplishment of desired results. Efficiency will be required and loyalty to superiors expected. These two go hand-in-hand, and when united in a common cause, will always prove invincible. To a greater degree, if possible, than ever before, let us strive to possess both.

All officers, department chiefs and representatives of this line will continue in the performance of present duties.

The undersigned will gladly receive suggestions from every source, when it is believed that such suggestions are in any way likely to improve the business or the service of the Seaboard Air Line, and his doors will be open at all times to officers, department chiefs, employes or the public at large, who may have business to transact with him, and such persons may be assured of a most cordial welcome. Very sincerely,
E. ST. JOHN,
Vice-President.

TWO BANKS SWINDLED.

A Sharp Rascal Gets $38.00 Each from Two Charlotte Banks.

The Charlotte *Observer* thus chronicles the exploits of a slick swindler in that city:

The First National Bank and the Savings Bank start the year $38 short each. It happened in this way:

On the 24th day of December a man stepped up to the cashier's window in the Savings Bank and handed Mr. A. Brady, cashier, a check for $38. The check was drawn on the Holston National Bank of Knoxville, Tenn., was signed by J. R. Cohen, and made payable to C. W. Bryan. The man being a perfect stranger to him, Mr. Brady handed the check back and told him he must have a city endorser. He left, returning in about an hour with the check endorsed with the name of Capt. Geo F. Bason. Mr. Brady is familiar with Capt. Bason's signature, and believing that on the check to be Capt. Bason's, cashed the check.

The First National Bank went through the same performance. Monday the checks came back from Knoxville, protested. Capt. Bason was seen, and pronounced the signature a forgery. The writing was so nearly like his that anyone would have sworn it to be his. The only difference was that Capt. Bason runs the B and a somewhat together, while the forger separated them. Mr. Brady describes the man as weighing about 180 pounds; he had dark hair and moustache, was decently dressed and withal rather prepossessing.

A VERDICT OF $25,000

Awarded to a Man Who Was Broiled on a Live Electric Wire.

NEWARK, N. J., January 3.—Robert McMullen has been awarded $25,000 damages against the Western Union Telegraph Company for injuries received while working for the company as a lineman. In making some repairs McMullen grasped a live wire and was horribly burned. He fell face downward among the wires. He hung suspended there. He lost an eye, his back was burned to the bone, his hands badly burned and his brain was partly paralyzed. The current came from electric-light wires which were strung on the same poles as the telegraph company's wires.

Newspaper Thieves.

It is a fact beyond dispute that newspaper thieves follow the carriers of the STAR (on Sunday especially) and steal many of the papers soon after they are left for city subscribers. It will be easy to capture and punish some of these thieves if those to whom they offer to sell papers will assist in the work. When they attempt to sell a paper without the words "For Transient Sale" stamped on the margin, it may be taken as almost conclusive evidence that the paper has been stolen. Of course, if people will continue to buy the unstamped papers the thieves will continue their work.

Say No Others.

All persons are hereby cautioned against buying copies of the STAR offered for sale on the streets unless, in every case, the words "For Transient Sale" are stamped on the margin of the paper. Should any newsboy or carrier offer for sale a copy of the STAR not so stamped, he should be promptly reported at this office.

To-day is Katz & Polvogt's bargain day. †

ALL FOR ONE DOLLAR.

Twenty-Five Choice Novels for One Coupon and One Dollar—None the Authors.

Examine this list of standard novels. You can get the 25 books for one coupon and One Dollar, and they will be sent post-paid to any address. See announcement in another column for coupon and complete list of books.

THESE 25 FOR ONE DOLLAR.
No. 31—A Rogue's Life; By Wilkie Collins.
No. 36—Treasure Island; By Robert L Stevenson.
No. 45—The Red Hill Tragedy; By Emma D E N Southworth.
No. 44—In Durance Vile; By "The Duchess."
No. 43—Meeting Her Fate; By Miss M E Braddon.
No. 42—Hickory Hall; By Emma D E N Southworth.
No. 40—The Heiress of Hilldrop; By Charlotte M Braeme, author of "Dora Thorne."
No. 39—Grandfather's Chair; By Nathaniel Hawthorne.
No. 38—The Surgeon's Daughter; by Sir Walter Scott.
No. 35—No Thoroughfare; By Charles Dickens and Wilkie Collins.
No. 34—The Wandering Heir; By Charles Reade.
No. 32—The Squire's Darling; By Charlotte M Braeme, author of "Dora Thorne."
No. 29—The Siege of Granada; By Sir E Bulwer Lytton.
No. 28—The Sea Kings; by Captain Marryat.
No. 26—Mr Gilfil's Love Story; By Geo Eliot.
No. 19—The Armorer of Tyre; By Sylv Cobb, Jr.
No. 17—Rock Ruin, or The Daughter of the Island, By Mrs Ann S Stephens.
No. 16—A Study in Scarlet; By A Conan Doyle.
No. 14—Nurse Revels Mistress; By Florence Warden
No. 12—The Black Tulip; By Alexander Dumas.
No. 11—The Belle of Lynn, or The Miller's Daughter; By Charlotte M Braeme, author of "Dora Thorne."
No. 8—The Black Dwarf; By Sir Walter Scott.
No. 6—The Corsican Br others; By Alex Dumas.
No. 4—King Solomon's Mines; By H Rider Haggard
No. 1—The Scarlet Letter; By Nathan'l Hawthorne.

One hundred bargains in dry goods at less than manufacturer's cost, at Katz & Polvogt's, 116 Market street. This is their bargain day. †

DIED.

MYERS.—In this city, on January 3rd 1895, at 4.45 o'clock p. m., ETHEL POST, only daughter of Mrs. Mary E. and the late George Myers, aged 10 years and 6 months.

Funeral from St. James' Church this (Friday) morning, at 10 o'clock.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

OPERA HOUSE.
TUESDAY EVENING, JAN. 8TH.
Special appearance of
Mr. Richard
MANSFIELD,
And strong Company, presenting (by general request)
"A Parisian Romance."
Seats on sale at Yates' Book Store, beginning Saturday morning, Jan. 5th, at 7 o'clock.
jan 4 2t

Press Boy Wanted.
A BOY accustomed to running job Presses, and who can bring satisfactory recommendations, may secure temporary employment by making application at once at the
STAR OFFICE.
jan 4 1t

Wholesale and Retail.
TOBACCO,
SNUFF,
CIGARS.
SAMUEL BEAR, SR.
dec 9 tf

The Clyde Steamship Co.
New York, Wilmington, N. C.
AND
Georgetown, S. C., Lines.

New York for Wilmington.
DELAWARE, Saturday, Jan. 5
CROATAN, Wednesday, Jan. 9
SOUTH PORTLAND, Saturday, Jan. 12
Wilmington for New York.
CROATAN, Saturday, Jan. 5
DELAWARE, Thursday, January 10
SOUTH PORTLAND, Saturday, Jan 19
Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.
CROATAN, Saturday, Jan. 12
SOUTH PORTLAND, Tuesday, Jan 15
Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.
For freight or passage apply to
H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt.
Wilmington, N. C.
HEO. G. ROSE, T. M., Bowling Green, N. Y.
WM. P. CLYDE & CO., General Agents, Bowling Green, N. Y.
Jan 1 tf

Be Sure You Get
Turner's N. C. Almanac
For the Year 1895.
DIARIES FOR 1895.
For sale wholesale and retail at
HEINSBERGER'S
Live Book and Music Store.
jan 3 tf

The Giles & Murchison
Stock
—OF—
Hardware
Tinware Etc.,
To be Sold at a
Great Reduction
In Prices.
The undersigned has assumed the management of the sale of the entire Stock of the late firm of GILES & MURCHISON, which will be offered at prices which cannot fail to attract the attention of all close buyers.
Country Merchants
Will find it Greatly to their Interest to Get the List of Prices.
As Goods will be SOLD CHEAPER THAN EVER BEFORE OFFERED, or probably ever will be again.
Retail trade desired, and all in want of any goods in our line are earnestly invited to call and avail themselves of the present opportunity to fill their wants
At Unheard-of Prices.
The Stock will be kept up to its former HIGH STANDARD, and NEW GOODS will arrive as often as occasion requires.
J. W. Murchison, Agent.
jan 1 tf

CAKES.
We are making a specialty of
Fine Cakes for Christmas.
Call and see our line of
Fruit Cakes.
Finest you ever ate.
Warren's Vienna Bakery.
dec 30 tf

Executrix's Notice.

HAVING qualified as executrix of the will of the late Lizzie B. F. Brown, I hereby notify all persons having claims against the said estate to present the same to me on or before the 31st day of December, A. D., 1895. MARY R. BROWN,
Dec. 30th, 1894. Executrix.
dec 31 6t fri

NOTICE!

THE Regular Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Atlantic National Bank of Wilmington, N. C., for the election of Directors will be held in the Bank Building in Wilmington, N. C., at 6 00 o'clock P. M., Tuesday, January 8th, 1895. All Stockholders are requested to be represented either in person or by proxy. J. W. NORWOOD,
dec 29 td President.

If You Want
ALL THE NEWS
IN GOOD SHAPE,
Read
THE MORNING STAR.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

HAIL THE NEW YEAR
WITH GLAD NEWS.

We have had a happy and prosperous year of 1894, and now our hands are clean and we are ready for '95. We intend to break all past records in the coming year. Our stock of goods have been largely increased in every line, and our many customers has appreciated the vast improvements and have patronized us accordingly.

We have some few Toys left we would be glad to sell at New York cost; but all other lines have been thoroughly replenished since the holiday trade, and we are not out of anything your hearts may wish. We want to impress the people of the fact that we sell for cash. We sell cheap. We sell more good, honest goods for the money than can be bought elsewhere. After jewing all you please we have one honest price, and that price is charged to all. No profit marked to pay for hard debts. We carry all kinds of goods. We have not the space to mention prices, but this we can say we are under every retail store in the city of Wilmington on Dress Goods, Notions, Shoes, Hats, Clothing, Caps, odd Pants, heavy Domestic Goods, Shirts, Matting, Carpets, Oil Cloths, Window Shades, Opaque and Holland, Lace Curtains from 65c per pair up, in fact we are thorough business men. We work for all alike. Come to the wide awake Racket Store on Front street, opposite the Market House.
BRADDY & GAYLORD, Prop's.
dec 30 tf

Dividend Notice.
At a meeting of the Directors of the Atlantic National Bank, held on Thursday last, a semi-annual Dividend of Three Per Cent. was declared, payable on and after December 28th, and $5,000.00 out of the earnings of the past six months was carried to the surplus account, making the surplus fund of this Bank $30,000.00.
Resident Stockholders of the Atlantic National Bank of Wilmington, N. C., please call at the Bank and receive Dividend of Three Per Cent on their stock on and after this date.
Transfer Books closed until January 1st, 1895.
J. W. NORWOOD,
dec 30 tf PRESIDENT.
December 30th, 1894

"IF
You cannot get it at Bunting's Pharmacy you will be unable to obtain it in Wilmington." Such is the remark you will often hear, and a truthful one too. We try to oblige our customers to the fullest extent, and desire the patronage of all "good paying people."
Distance is no object to us when you want medicines promptly delivered. From Hilton to Drypond and from the river to the woods are as but a step to us, and no extra charge either.
Everybody has a hobby—OURS is to handle only the best quality of Drugs, &c., exercise the greatest care and skill in the compounding of prescriptions, and in the preparation of Pharmaceuticals, charge moderate prices and thereby gain the good will and patronage of the best people.
Mail Orders—Are cordially solicited. They will receive our prompt and careful attention and will be conscientiously filled.
J. Hicks Bunting,
Graduate in Pharmacy and Registered Druggist.
Y. M. C. A. Building,
'Phone 126 Wilmington, N. C.
dec 30 tf

Cold Weather
Novelties.
Ladies' and Children's Gloves & Mittens, 15 & 25c.
All-Wool Ladies' Vests, 98c.
A 50c. Ladies' Vest, 40c.
CLOAKS at COST.
Special Low Prices in
Men's Underwear and Gloves.
Clothing.
At greatly reduced prices.
$3.50 will buy a Good Overcoat.
$6.50 will buy a $10 grade. $9.50 will buy a long-cut, velvet collar—a regular $15 grade.
Take advantage of these special prices.
Respectfully,
J. H. Rehder & Co.,
dec 30 tf Fourth Street Bridge.
Car fare paid on all purchases over $5 00.

Hot Water Bottles,
One, Two and Three Quarts.
Low price.
JAS. D. NUTT,
The Druggist.
dec 25 tf

Coal, Coal,
Red Ash Egg, White Ash Egg,
White Ash Stove.
Chestnut Coal, Furnace Coal,
Pea Coal, Foundry Coal,
Tennessee Lump, Pochahontas Lump
Wood, Wood.
OAK, ASH, LIGHTWOOD.
All Coal and Wood of the best quality and Lowest Prices.
J. A. SPRINGER.
dec 26 tf

OLD NEWSPAPERS FOR SALE AT THIS office. Suitable for wrapping paper.

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, at $6 00 per year, $3 00 for six months, $1 50 for three months, 50 cents for one month, to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 12 cents per week for any period from one week to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One square one day, $1 00; two days, $1 75; three days, $2 50; four days, $3 00; five days, $3 50; one week, $4 00; two weeks, $6 50; three weeks, $8 50; one month $10 00; two months $17 00; three months, $24 00; six months, $40 00; twelve months, $60 00. Ten lines of solid Nonpareil type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1 00 per year, 60 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Picnics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Notices under head of "City Items" 20 cents per line for first insertion, and 15 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

An extra charge will be made for double-column or triple-column advertisements.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1 00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

Amusement, Auction and Official advertisements one dollar per square for each insertion.

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY MORNING. JAN. 4, 1895

WHAT IS THE INFERENCE?

One of the reasons given by the inventors of the Republican system of protection was that it would so stimulate our manufacturing industries that they would soon be able to successfully compete with the world and the result would shortly be free trade. This was the reason assigned by General Garfield, afterwards President, when he was a member of Congress, for supporting the protective tariff. We had thirty odd years of that kind of protection, and still the advocates of that system contend that our manufactories are not on a self-supporting basis and will perish if they are not protected.

In a discourse on the political situation delivered in Chicago by that distinguished Republican and antihellist, Col. Ingersoll, he said "What are the markets of the world? We manufacture nothing that we can sell at a profit in England, France, Germany, Belgium, or any other country in Europe." Conceding this to be a fact, (which it is not,) what is the inference to be drawn from it? Simply this. Our manufacturers cannot compete with any country in Europe in prices, and cannot therefore sell goods in any country in Europe at a profit. But our manufacturers must be protected, the protectionists say, and if they cannot make a profit by shipping their products abroad they must make their profit out of home customers. To enable them to do this competition from other countries must be cut off by a practically prohibitive tariff, so that they may charge the home customer any price they see fit. In other words the manufacturers must depend upon the "home market," and the protective tariff must be made perpetual.

While Colonel Ingersoll was talking that way Western wheat was selling at fifty cents a bushel, in the city he was talking in, and thousands of Western farmers found it more profitable to feed their wheat to hogs than to haul it to market. While he was talking that way cotton was selling at five cents a pound, but the Southern cotton-grower could not feed his cotton to hogs, which he would probably like to do if he could. Is there any good reason in fairness, honesty, or statesmanship, why the wheat-grower who is compelled to sell his wheat for fifty cents a bushel, or the cotton-grower who is compelled to sell his cotton at five cents a pound (in both cases below the average cost of production), should be forced to buy from the home manufacturer to ensure him a profit because he cannot make a profit by selling his goods in Europe? The wheat-grower and the cotton-grower have to ship their products to Europe and take what they can get for them, but we do not see any of the Ingersoll stripe of politicians standing on their tip-toes demanding that the home manufacturer must be taxed enormously to ensure a profit to the wheat-grower or cotton grower. As the country could not get along half as well without wheat or cotton as it could without manufactories, wouldn't it be quite as fair and reasonable to insist that the manufacturers, and with them all the people who work in their establishments, and all other people who do not raise wheat or cotton should be taxed for the benefit of the wheat-grower and cotton-grower?

But as a matter of fact the assertion of Col. Ingersoll is not true. This country exported in the fiscal year ending June 30, 1893, $158,023,118 worth of manufactured articles, and in the fiscal year ending June 30, 1894, $183,910,517 worth. This country is to-day competing with Europe in iron, cotton, woollen and other manufactures, and English manufacturers have had to resort to stealing American trade marks to sell their goods in some of the countries of the orient, and yet American manufacturers had to ship their goods about three times as far as the English manufacturers had to ship to reach those markets. The fact is that American manufacturers with a few exceptions have not tried to build up markets for their manufactures in European countries because the profits were not so great as the profits made out of the home purchasers, who were at the mercy of the manufacturers who had little or no competition and could charge what they saw fit.

But these same manufacturers actually shipped abroad during the past two years $341,933,635 worth of their products. If there was not some profit in it, why should they have shipped so much? For fun? or just to keep their wheels running? They don't do business that way. If there had not been a reasonable profit in their shipments, there would have been very few of them made.

But if it were true that our manufacturers after more than thirty years of protection, and enormous protection, too, cannot compete with European manufactures (if they can't compete with them in their own countries they can't compete with them in others) what is the remedy? Must the foreign markets be abandoned, and home purchases be perpetually taxed to make the business of manufacturing profitable? Isn't there a better, a fairer, less oppressive and less objectionable way than that? Give the manufacturer a show, and instead of teaching him to look to the Government for protection teach him to rely upon himself and his own energy, and to enable him to do that the more effectively remove the obstacles in his way, put him on the same footing as the men with whom he has to compete and let him get his crude materials wherever he can get them cheapest and to the best advantage. Give him untaxed raw materials, and then if with the labor-saving machinery he has, and the larger amount of work he can turn out for the same money, he can't hold his own in competition with the manufacturers of Europe, he should give up that business and turn his attention to something else.

MINOR MENTION.

The growing of sunflowers is considerable of an industry in Russia, where the cake from the seed after the oil is pressed out is found to be an excellent food for stock, especially horses, and it is largely used for that purpose. The active demand for it is causing a steady increase in the production. In Germany it is grown, ground and sold in the form of meal, which the Germans prefer to the cake, which is very hard. Cattle and horses eat it with relish, and it is said to be very fattening and nourishing. In this country the sunflower is grown more as an ornament than anything else, and no effort has been made to turn it to practical account, although we have known some farmers who grew small patches and fed their poultry upon the seeds, and occasionally mixed a little with the feed of their horses, as it seemed to do them good and give the hair a smooth, glossy appearance. The oil is clear and sweet, and may be used for many purposes, while the dried stalks make good fuel, and the ashes a good fertilizer. In some of the prairie sections of the West where fuel is scarce some of the farmers grow the sunflower for that purpose. It will grow anywhere in the South and possibly if in sufficient quantities it might induce capitalists to invest in mills to prepare the seed for market.

* *

North Carolina has some very good, level headed farmers, who live at home and do not get on the ragged edge when cotton happens to tumble. Mr. D. E. Sandlin, of Richlands, Onslow county, is one of them. He writes the STAR, that he is 72 years old, was raised on a farm and has been farming all his life, has never signed a mortgage, is out of debt and has "a sufficiency of money for all legitimate purposes." Two weeks ago he killed fifty hogs which averaged two hundred pounds. Fifteen of these were fourteen months old and averaged three hundred pounds. In addition to the meat they yielded four barrels of excellent lard. The hogs were a cross of Berkshire and Poland China. Mr. Sandlin is not only a believer in, but a practicer of diversified farming, and has been endeavoring for some time to persuade his brother farmers that that is the way to independence. Their aim should be, he wisely holds, to raise all their home supplies, and this with economy and industry will ensure independence. This is no mere theorizing but the advice of a successful, prosperous farmer, who has spent his life on the farm, talks from experience, and "practices what he preaches."

* *

Elections for county officers were held throughout Georgia Tuesday, the result being that the Democrats were victorious, and redeemed a number of counties which had been carried by the Populists in November. This is perhaps not so significant of a change in public sentiment as it is that the stay at-home vote came out better, as there were no national issues involved in this election and there was no cause for disgruntlement among the masses. In the last campaign there was much dissatisfaction with some things that Congress did and others that it did not do, resulting in an apathy that very materially reduced the Democratic strength at the polls in Georgia as it did in other States, but on straight home issues the majority of the voters are Democrats. They believe in Democratic home government in Georgia and in all the other Southern States, and when that question is submitted, untangled with other questions the Democrats will be found solid and marching together as usual. North Carolina is not an exception to this, for in this State, handicapped as we were by national issues, it took the combined Republican and Populist vote to beat us, and that wouldn't have done it if the stay-at-home Democrats had done their duty.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— There are three classes of financial experts in the country: First, men who really know something about national finance; second, men who know nothing, but pretend to know more than anybody else about national finance, and, third, men who believe nobody knows anything about national finance except John Sherman. The third class is even more ridiculous, if possible, than the second.—*Louisville Courier-Journal, Dem.*

—— The popular demand is for a uniform currency, good in all parts of the United States. So far as this kind of paper currency is concerned, the *Times* is opposed to it. It wants to see a paper currency that is at par with gold in the locality where it is issued, by reason of the fact that it is payable on demand in gold, but it wants to see that currency returned home, when it strays out of the State where it is issued, so that it will come back to its place of issue to go through the refreshing process of redemption, and to serve the purposes of the people of the locality that issues it.—*Richmond Times, Dem.*

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Goldsboro *Headlight*: We regret very much to learn of the untimely demise of Mrs. H. J Pope, which occurred at her home in Magnolia, Saturday morning, aged 28 years. She was the daughter of Mr. C. B. Elmore, of Mt. Olive

— Elizabeth City *Carolinian*: C. W Grandy, a leading member of the Elizabeth City Bar, died at his residence on Matthews street last Wednesday morning, aged 65 years. Several weeks ago he was stricken with paralyses, from which he never recovered.

— Goldsboro *Argus*: It is with sincere regret that we learn of the death of one of Duplin county's oldest and most respected citizens, Mr. Henry Grimes, 70 odd years of age, which occurred last week, at his home in Kenansville. He was an Irishman by birth, but had been a citizen of Duplin for nearly half a century.

— Charlotte *News*: Yesterday Mr. Fred Oliver, of the Charlotte Oil and Fertilizer Works, received a shipment of 500 cattle from Texas. Thursday he will receive an additional shipment of 600 head. Mr. Oliver has established a "fattening farm" near Charlotte, and will make a business of fattening cattle for the market, the food being cotton seed hulls and meal, from the oil mills.

— Raleigh *News and Observer*: Deputy E. A. Moffitt reports the seizure of a 45 gallon copper still and worm, 1,000 gallons of beer and several other stray pieces of apparatus at Pisgah, Rockingham county. It was owned by Bud and Isaac Lucas. —— James Manness' 65 gallon still and a thousand gallon stand of beer were captured and destroyed by Deputy Moffitt; they were in operation near Brower's Mill. —— In Moore county, near "Why Not," Deputy Moffitt captured a forty-gallon still, some high wines and a load of beer, which belonged to Enoch Kennedy and Frank Cagle.

— Clinton *Democrat*: Miss Annie Boykin, daughter of the late Thomas Boykin, of Clinton, died at her home here on Sunday evening, December 23d, after a protracted illness. —— News reached here last week to the effect that Messrs. Joe and Bob Hubbard, sons of Mr. R. H. Hubbard, of Clinton, who are now living in Jacksonville, Fla., became involved in a difficulty with an Englishman named Line in Jacksonville on Christmas eve. In the difficulty Line was shot and died soon after. Reports vary, but some say the shooting was entirely justifiable, and the many friends of the young men here trust they will come out of the trouble all right. They are young men of high character and excellent family, and the occurrence is greatly deplored by their many friends in Clinton.

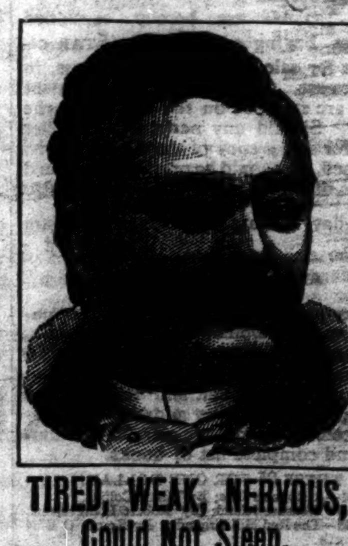
TWINKLINGS.

— Salesman—Here is a thing that parents are giving their children. Little savings banks like this encourage them to store up their pennies.

Cohenstein (inspecting it closely)—Does it pay intderest?—*Puck.*

— Not His Weak Point.—Ajax—Wert thou not wounded in the battle to-day, Achilles? Methought I saw thee stricken by a Trojan spear.

Achilles—I was stricken, Ajax; but, fortunately, I got it in the neck.—*Puck*



TIRED, WEAK, NERVOUS, Could Not Sleep.

Prof. L. D. Edwards, of Preston, Idaho, says: "I was all run down, weak, nervous and irritable through overwork. I suffered from brain fatigue, mental depression, etc. I became so weak and nervous that I could not sleep, I would arise tired, discouraged and blue. I began taking

Dr. Miles' Nervine

and now everything is changed. I sleep soundly, I feel bright, active and ambitious. I can do more in one day now than I used to do in a week. For this great good I give Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine the sole credit.

It Cures."

Dr. Miles' Nervine is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. All druggists sell it at $1, 6 bottles for $5, or it will be sent, prepaid, on receipt of price by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

SPINAL Weakness easily cured by Dr. Miles' Nerve Plasters. Sold by all Druggists.

june 15 1y D&W fri su wed change daily

LINES BY LEO XIII ON HIS DEATH.

The setting sun at this thy close of day
On thee, O Leo, sheds its parting ray.
Within thy withered veins, thy wasted frame,
Slow, slow burns downward life's expiring flame.
Death's arrow flies, the funeral veil unfolds,
The cold remains the grave her conquest holds,
But swift the panting soul, her fetters riven,
Spreads her free wings and seeks her native heaven.
The long and toilsome road has reached its end.
Thy holy will, my Saviour, I attend,
And, if so great a grace thou canst accord,
Receive my spirit in thy kingdom, Lord!
—Churchman.

HIS SURPRISE.

Adam and Eve were probably the only wedded couple of whom no one ever said, "How could he?" or "How could she?"

Certainly, when the staid old bachelor, Jonas Hingham ("35 if he's a day!" said the wondering "other girls"), carried off Mary Morton, not yet out of her teens, right in the face and eyes of many admiring boys, a great many people wondered, "How could she?"

At home she occupied the sometimes questionable position of the middle one in a family of three daughters. Nobody doubted that she was good and useful, but she was not brilliant and fascinating like her older sister, Amy, nor was she a pretty doll of a girl to be petted as everybody petted her younger sister, Bess.

Amy had troops of beaux that she wound around her finger and made her most obedient slaves, but Jonas Hingham was Mary's first attentive escort, and his devotion and sincerity carried her heart by storm.

Jonas pleaded eloquently for an early wedding day, and Mary was nothing loath, for life with Jonas and for him seemed like paradise in anticipation.

He lived three miles away on a large farm, his father's and grandfather's before him. His father had been dead several years, and his mother, though still active and industrious, was too old to work as she had always done.

Everybody knew the Hinghams were forehanded, free from debt and with money at interest. The Mortons, on the contrary, had always lived from hand to mouth, Mr. Morton's trade never having sufficed to do much more than provide a home, with ample food and clothing, besides educating the girls as they wanted to be, with music and painting and all the ornamentals which girls in country villages sigh after.

It is safe to say that Mary never dreamed of the change it would be for her to go from her snug, pretty home into that great, bare farmhouse—like changing from soft, musical poetry to plain, dry prose.

Summer and winter the family had always worked and ate and sat in the great kitchen, except when company came. Then they rolled up the green paper shades in the sitting room and sat in there. Everything was stiff, bare, orderly and scrupulously clean.

"Stepping into Mother Hingham's shoes" meant more real, downright hard work than Mary had ever dreamed of, but she was young and strong and would not flinch when she saw that both Jonas and his mother expected her to be the notable, hardworking housewife the elder woman had always been.

Her hands grew brown and hard, her dresses grew old fashioned, and she had neither time nor care to remodel them, as she seldom went anywhere, except occasionally to church and more rarely still on a brief visit to her father's.

Then babies came as the years went by—boys, always boys.

"If I only had a girl," thought Mary sometimes, "she might grow up to help me and do all the light and pretty things that I have forgotten how to do, but these boys will never care for such things."

Mother Hingham lived but a few years after Mary came there. To the last she was happy and content, fond of Mary and at home in the farmhouse, still unchanged.

"Jonas will have to hire help for his wife, now that his mother is gone," people said.

But he didn't seem to think of that. As long as Mary did not complain he never dreamed she was overdoing or needed anything she did not have.

One of the established traditions of the house was that they must have a hired girl through haying time, never at any other time of the year unless in case of sickness.

So through harvesting and the fall housecleaning, the meat killing and the spring sugaring, up to haying time again, Mary's one pair of hands did the work till—she broke down.

Jonas was worried about indoor matters, not that he was so miserly he did not like to pay hired help, but who was to take care and oversee it all?

Of course the Mortons were as agitated as Jonas himself, and as much as they could came to the rescue, but Mrs. Morton was growing old and could not work as she once had done, and Amy had made a brilliant match years ago.

Bessie was still at home and single, but had never enjoyed going there when Mary was well, and with Mary sick it could not be thought of.

Jonas had bad luck finding capable indoor help, and it was a great relief to them all when Aunt Vi, Mr. Morton's maiden sister, came from the west, and not having any particular home anywhere willingly took the leadership in the Hingham household.

But somehow Mary didn't seem to gain at all, and Aunt Vi told Mrs. Morton that Mary seemed to have lost all interest in life.

"Jonas is just as kind as can be, and the boys are all smart and bright and fond of her. They are forehanded and have a good home, but it seems as if she doesn't care about living. I do think if she had an ambition to get well she would."

In the very depths of winter Mrs. Morton's sister from Boston, Mrs. Cramer, made a flying visit in town, her first visit to the place since Mary's marriage.

"You must go to see Mary in her own home," said Mrs. Morton, "but the poor child is too weak to visit much. We will go there together and spend the day, and it will gratify her, though she cannot enjoy it as if she was well."

"I'll sleep with Mary tonight and wait upon her," said Mrs. Morton to Aunt Vi, as bedtime came on, "and you can go up stairs and get a good night's rest."

"We'll sleep together, Aunt Vi," added Mrs. Cramer, "and keep each other warm and have a good visit besides."

Was it all chance that the chamber the two ladies occupied had in the wall an open stovepipe hole leading through to the one where Jonas slept with 5 year-old Teddy?

He slept soundly for awhile, but perhaps it was his good angel that woke him just in time to hear Aunt Vi ask, "What do you think about Mary?"

Mrs. Cramer was a lady who used not only her eyes and ears, but her brains as well. Being new to the Hingham house, she saw it through unaccustomed eyes, and she made up her mind fully.

"I think," she said impressively, "that she is starving to death!"

"For the land sakes!" ejaculated Aunt Vi. "You don't know what you're talking about. Such a provider as Jonas is! Always buys his flour by the barrel and keeps two sorts, one for bread and one for pastry; makes no end of maple sugar and buys all the white sugar anybody has a mind to use; kills the nicest of pork and beef every winter, with turkeys and chickens and geese and ducks; lambs in the fall and the beautifulest veal every spring—buys fresh meat any time in the summer, and of course they have milk and cream and eggs of their own all the year round. He's always bringing home honey and fruit and oysters, any luxury he happens to see. He's too fond of good living himself to starve anybody in his house!"

"The eating is a very small part of true life," said Mrs. Cramer when Aunt Vi paused for breath. "I can see that Mary's mind and soul are starving here in this bare house, where work and utility are the foremost things and beauty and pleasure have no place. Her better nature is being literally starved to death."

No matter what further the ladies said, Jonas Hingham heard no more, though he neither put his fingers in his ears nor rose and stopped the stovepipe hole. Mrs. Cramer's words had opened his eyes to a naked, unpalatable truth and set him to such serious thinking and plannings that he had no ears for anything more.

"Mary looks brighter this morning," said Aunt Cramer at breakfast.

"She certainly does," said Jonas, "and I think your visit has done her good. I tell you what, Mary," he said, turning to her, "I want you to hurry up and get stronger, so that the first mild, pleasant day I can carry you to your father's to stay a week. I believe the change would do you good."

A warm, mellow day came like a smile into the heart of the winter. Jonas urged, and Aunt Vi seconded, till between them they wrapped her snugly, and cushioned in the warmest and softest of robes she took a sleigh ride to her father's house, where Jonas left her.

"And now, Aunt Vi," he said, coming in on his return, with his arms loaded with rolls of paper, "I want your help in a conspiracy. The long and short of it is that you and I and the boys and all the help we need are going to work with paint and paper and carpets and furniture to make this house look so Mary won't know it at all when she comes back."

The painters came the next day; the paperers followed. Jonas brought home nice carpets and women to make them. Loads of new furniture came to the door and new stoves to replace the forlorn, antiquated ones.

An elegant new bookcase was stocked with a well selected library, and choice pictures were purchased to hang on the renewed walls.

Jonas was not devoid of taste when he tried to exercise it, and when he doubted his own judgment he took counsel of those who were to be relied on.

One lovely day, the last of February, he went to bring her home. Aunt Vi and the boys waited patiently for their coming.

When the sleigh stopped at the door, Jonas lifted her carefully out and carried her, all wrapped, as she was, into the house, straight through the hall into the long unused parlor and placed her in the softest and easiest of easy chairs.

A soft colored carpet covered the floor, pretty paper adorned the walls, sunlight streamed in warm at the windows, but did not outshine the cheerful fire in the open stove, new books and magazines lay on the table, the canary in a gilded cage was trilling his best songs, and the plants in the sunniest window seemed smiling a welcome to their mistress.

"How pretty mother looks!" cried Teddy.

Truth to tell, a most becoming red had crept into the pale cheeks, perhaps a gleam from the rose colored future her husband was portraying.

Pills, powders and plasters were all given the go by, and Mary got well on happiness. Said Jonas:

"Furniture bills and all those things are no higher than doctors' bills and vastly more satisfying. Comfort and happiness are more pleasant to take than medicine and do more good. I've learned my lesson rather late in life, but I've learned it once for all."—Good Housekeeping.

AN ODD WATERING TROUGH.

Whole Generations of Biddies Get Drink From an Indian Mortar.

The noise made by an Indian woman pounding corn in a rock mortar enabled the brave old fighter, Colonel Benjamin Church, to secure the person of Annawan, the right hand man of King Philip, in 1676. There is hardly a town included in the Nipmuc country but has one or more of these crude mills of the red men. Grafton or Harananisco holds an immense one on the borders of Kitville, not far from the last settlement of that tribe and near the battlefield on Keith hill, where Philip's men came to grief. There were certain places resorted to by the Indians for growing their corn, and as far as my knowledge extends they were usually on the hillsides.

Some of the small mortars have no doubt been removed from their original places, but others remain where they were used, fixed as the enduring hills. The soapstone vessels used by the Nipmucs are of various sizes and have been numerously found in Millbury and Sutton. Along the streams, in clefts of rocks and on the highest points of land they have been unearthed, many broken and others in perfect condition. I have in mind one which lies in the western part of Millbury, weighing perhaps 75 pounds and within 50 rods of Ramshorn stream. All that is known of its history is that the occupants of the farm had for generations used it as a watering trough for hens.—Worcester Gazette.

Hiram Powers' Birthplace.

As beautiful in its small way as any foreign ruin is the birthplace of Hiram Powers, America's first great sculptor. Unlike the relics of prehistoric America, it is a "civilized ruin," which shows that young America is growing old. Nestling among the verdant hills of Woodstock, Vt., a ruined foundation and a great chimney, overgrown with wild grape vines, which have also climbed to the top of the old balsam tree that once shaded the homestead doorway, mark the site of "the old Hiram Powers place." It overlooks one of Vermont's most fertile valleys and the winding Ottaquechee, on the other side of which the imaginative genius of the boy Powers was wont to see the white and glistening form of a beautiful woman, which he repeatedly tried to reach and which in later years he materialized in his "Greek Slave."—Boston Commonwealth.

Don't be talked into having an operation performed or injections of carbolic acid used as it may cost you your life. Try Japanese Pile Cure. J. HICKS BUNTING, J. H. HARDIN. †

Cure for Headache.

As a remedy for all forms of Headache Electric Bitters has proved to be the very best. It effects a permanent cure and the most dreaded habitual sick headaches yield to its influence. We urge all who are afflicted to procure a bottle and give this remedy a fair trial. In cases of habitual constipation Electric Bitters cures by giving the needed tone to the bowels, and few cases long resist the use of this medicine. Try it once. Large bottles only Fifty cents at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

— The American Encyclopedic Dictionary is now complete in 49 Parts. Send in orders at once.

DUKE CIGARETTES



MADE FROM **High Grade Tobacco** AND ABSOLUTELY PURE

dec 14 tf fr su we W 3p

A Will on a Canceled Bond.

John Morris, who died in this city leaving an estate valued at $3,800, had written the following upon the back of a canceled bond of the Milestown Building and Loan association, No. 5, which expired April 7, 1889. It was taken as expressing his testamentary desire and was probated accordingly after proper identification:

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 16, 1894.

This shall be found, Sallie, when I am gone, and, mamma, I shall leave all to you, and you, mamma, shall be a Jardian over Annie, and if the boys helph you through at youre death let what is left be equl dived among them. It won't be long before they will mis me.
JOHN MORRIS.

—Philadelphia Ledger.

A Good Idea.

"Yesterday," said Ixe, the painter, "I discovered a very simple method of avoiding payment of tips at the restaurant. When the bill is presented, I pay the exact amount and nothing more. The waiter looks daggers. Then I get up and say:

"'My compliments; your establishment is very well managed. I have made a capital dinner.'

"Pretend to take him for the landlord, d'ye see?"—Petit Parisien.

Michael Angelo.

Michael Angelo was equally great as painter, sculptor and architect. In order to paint figures properly he devoted 12 years to the study of anatomy alone. His monument to Pope Julius II was on so grand a scale that the Church of St. Peter in Rome was altered with a view to affording a suitable place for its reception. The tomb was afterward modified in plan and placed in another church. His "Last Judgment" required seven years to execute and was finished when the artist was nearly 68. A few weeks before his death the aged artist was met one day in the street walking through the snow with great difficulty. When asked where he was going, he replied, "To school to try and learn something."

Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—			
2-lb Jute		@	6¼
Standard	7¾	@	
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℔ lb	13½	@	14
Sides ℔ lb	8½	@	10
Shoulders ℔ lb		@	8¼
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℔ lb	6½	@	7
Shoulders ℔ lb	6½	@	
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each	1 00	@	1 15
New New York, each	1 35	@	1 40
New City, each		@	1 40
BEESWAX ℔ lb	....	@	30
BRICKS—			
Wilmington, ℔ M	7 00	@	7 50
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina, ℔ lb	15	@	25
Northern	23	@	26
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks		@	58
Virginia Meal		@	58
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle		@	70
CANDLES—℔ lb—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	9	@	10
CHEESE—℔ lb—			
Northern Factory	10	@	11
Dairy, Cream	11	@	12
State	....	@	10
COFFEE—℔ lb—	27	@	28
Laguyra	20	@	23
Rio	15	@	19
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard	6		6¼
Yarns, ℔ bunch	18	@	20
EGGS—℔ dozen		@	20
FISH—			
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ half-barrel	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ℔ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ℔ half-barrel	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	3 25	@	4 00
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel		@	7 00
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 50	@	4 00
Dry Cod, ℔ lb	5	@	10
FLOUR—℔ barrel—			
Western, low grade	2 50	@	3 50
" Extra	2 75	@	4 25
" Straight	3 25	@	
Second Patent	3 50	@	
First Patent	4 25	@	4 50
City Mills—Super		@	2 50
" " Family	3 25	@	
GLUE—℔ lb	7½	@	10
GRAIN—℔ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bags—White	55	@	60
Corn, cargo, in bulk—White	55	@	60
Corn, cargo, in bags—White	55	@	60
Corn, mixed, from store		@	60
Oats, from store		@	45
Oats, Rust Proof		@	55
Cow Peas		@	65
HIDES, ℔ lb—			
Green	....	@	3
Dry	....	@	4½
HAY, ℔ 100 lbs—			
Eastern	....	@	1 00
Western		@	90
North River		@	90
HOOP IRON, ℔ lb	2	@	2¼
LARD, ℔ lb—			
Northern	6½	@	9
North Carolina	8½	@	9
LIME, ℔ barrel	....		1 25
LUMBER (city sawed) ℔ M feet—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough-Edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES, ℔ gallon—			
New Crop Cuba, in hhds	..	@	26
" " " in bbls	....	@	26
Porto Rico, in hhds	25	@	27½
" " in bbls		@	27
Sugar-House, in hhds	....	@	14
" " in bbls	....	@	16
Syrup, in bbls	25	@	45
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut, 60d basis		@	1 25
OILS, ℔ gallon—			
Kerosene	10	@	14
Lard	....	@	68
Linseed	75	@	80
Rosin	15	@	18
Tar	....	@	20
Deck and Spar	....	@	25
POULTRY—			
Chickens, Live, grown	20	@	25
" Spring	10	@	20
Turkeys	60	@	1 00
PEANUTS, ℔ bushel 28 lbs	35	@	50
POTATOES, ℔ bushel—			
Sweet	30	@	50
Irish, ℔ barrel	2 25	@	3 00
PORK, ℔ barrel—			
City Mess		@	14 00
Rump		@	14 75
Prime		@	14 00
RICE—Carolina, ℔ lb	4	@	5
Rough—℔ bushel (Upland)	60	@	70
" " (Lowland)	1 00	@	1 15½
RAGS, ℔ lb—Country	....	@	1¼
City	....	@	1
ROPE, ℔ lb	10	@	22
SALT, ℔ sack—Alum	....	@	75
Liverpool	....	@	65
Lisbon	....	@	....
American	....	@	65
In 125-℔ Sacks	45	@	50
SHINGLES, 7-inch, ℔ M	5 00	@	7 00
Common	2 00	@	2 50
Cypress Saps	4 50	@	5 00
Cypress Hearts	....	@	7 50
SUGAR, ℔ lb—Standard Granu'd		@	4½
Standard A		@	4½
White Ex. C		@	4¼
Extra C, Golden		@	4
C, Yellow		@	3¾
SOAP, ℔ lb—Northern	3½	@	....
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. Barrel	8 00	@	14
R. O. Hogshead	....	@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping	12 00	@	13 00
Mill, Prime	8 00	@	9 50
Mill, Fair	6 50	@	7 50
Common Mill	4 00	@	5 00
Inferior to Ordinary	3 00	@	4 00
TALLOW, ℔ lb	5	@	
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon—Northern	1 00	@	2
North Carolina	1 00	@	2
WOOL, ℔ lb—Washed	14	@	
Clear of burs	10	@	
Burry		@	

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, Jan. 3.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Steady at 24¾ cents per gallon.

ROSIN—Market firm at 95 cents per bbl. for Strained and $1.00 for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market firm at 95 cents per bbl. of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market firm at $1 10 for Hard, $1 50 for Yellow Dip and $1.70 for Virgin.

COTTON—Steady.

Ordinary	2⅝	cts ℔ lb	
Good Ordinary	3⅝	"	"
Low Middling	4 9-16	"	"
Middling	5	"	"
Good Middling	5 5-16	"	"

RECEIPTS.

Cotton	106	bales
Spirits Turpentine	47	casks
Rosin	125	bbls
Tar	33	bbls
Crude Turpentine	3	bbls

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, January 3—Evening—Money on call was easy, ranging from 1@2 per cent., with last loan at 1½ per cent., and closing offered at 1½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3@4 per cent. Sterling exchange firm, with actual business in bankers' bills at 487½ 487¾ for sixty days and 488½@488¾ for demand. Commercial bills 486½@487¼. Government bonds lower; United States coupon fours 118; United States twos 97. State bonds active and higher; North Carolina fours 99, North Carolina sixes 124½. Railroad bonds weak.

Silver at the Stock Exchange to-day was 59¾ bid.

COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK January 3—Evening—Cotton dull; middling gulf 5 15-16c, middling uplands 5 11-16c.

Futures closed quiet, steady; sales of 79,800 bales; January 5.46c; February 5.47c; March 5.51c; April 5.56c; May 5.61c; June 5.65c; July 5.70c; August 5.75c; September 5.78; October 5.81c.

Net receipts 1,574 bales; gross receipts 11,507 bales; exports to Great Britain 177 bales; exports to France — bales; exports to the Continent 500 bales; forwarded 4,898 bales; sales 1,200 bales, sales to — spinners; stock (actual) 135,518 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 39,188 bales; exports to Great Britain 22,958 bales; exports to France —— bales; exports to the Continent 500 bales; stock 1,232,745 bales.

Total so far this week—Net receipts 197 576 bales; exports to Great Britain 106,890 bales; to France 39,384 bales; to the Continent 38,263 bales; to the Channel — bales.

Total since September 1—Net receipts 5,231,061 bales; exports to Great Britain 1,176 891 bales; exports to France 442,444 bales; exports to the Continent 1,290,897 bales; to the Channel — bales.

Flour dull and unchanged; Southern dull but steady; rice flour dull but steady; Wheat steady, with a moderate demand; No. 2 red in store and at elevator 60⅞c; afloat 62⅜c; options were dull all through the early session with prices easier, but rallied late in the day and closed firm at ⅛@⅜c advance; No. 2 red January 60⅞; February 61⅜c; March 63c; May 62⅝c. Corn dull and nominal; No. 2 at elevator 51⅜c; afloat —c; options were dull and heavy, following wheat; closed firm and unchanged to ⅛c up; January 51⅜c; February 51¼; May 51⅝c. Oats dull but steady; options moderately active and firmer; January 34⅝c; February 35½c; May 35⅛c; spot—No. 2, 34⅝c; mixed Western 35@36c. Hay dull and easy; shipping 50@55; good to choice 70@75c. Wool moderate; domestic fleece 17@20c; pulled 12@24c. Beef dull; family $10 00@12 50; extra mess $7 50@8 00; beef hams quiet at $17 00; tierced beef dull but steady; city extra India mess $16 00@17 00. Cut meats quiet and steady; pickled bellies 5@6½c; pickled shoulders 5c; pickled hams 8@8⅝c; middles nominal. Lard steady; Western steam $7 10 asked; city $6 62½. January $7 10, nominal; May $7 37, nominal; refined quiet; Continent $7 60; South America $7 80; compound $5 50@5 75. Pork steady, quiet; mess $12 75@13 25. Butter quiet; choice firm; State dairy 10@19c; do creamery 16@23c. Western dairy 10@15c; do. creamery 15@25c. Elgins 25c. Cotton seed oil easy and dull; crude 24@24½c; yellow prime 29c. Petroleum nominal. Rice in fair demand and steady; domestic, fair to extra 4¼@6c; Japan 4½@4¾c. Molasses—foreign nominal; New Orleans, open kettle, good to choice, 28@38c quiet and steady. Peanuts steady. Coffee—options steady and unchanged to 5 points down; January $13 60@13 65; March $13 25@13 40, May $13 10@13 20; July $13 20; spot Rio quiet and steady; No. 7, $15 75. Sugar—raw more active and easier: fair refining 2⅝c; refined dull and unchanged. Liverpool steady; more doing; cotton per steamer ⅛d; grain, per steamer, 2½d.

CHICAGO, January 3—Cash quotations: Flour—nothing doing; prices nominally unchanged. Wheat—No. 2 spring 58½@59⅝c; No. 2 red 53½@55⅝c. Corn—No. 2, 44⅜c. Oats—No. 2, 30c. Mess pork, per bbl. $11 37½@11 50. Lard—per 100 lbs. $6 77½@6 80. Short ribs—per 100 lbs. $5 70@5 80. Dry salted shoulders—per 100 lbs., $5 00@5 12½. Short clear sides, boxed—per 100 lbs $6 00@6 12½. Whiskey $1 23.

The leading futures ranged as follows—opening, highest lowest and closing: Wheat—No. 2 January 56, 53¾, 53, 53¼@53⅜c; May 57¼, 57⅞, 57¼@57⅞, 57⅞@57⅞; July 57⅞, 58½@58⅝, [illegible] @58⅝c. Corn—No. 2 January [illegible] 44⅜@44⅝, 44¼, 44¼@44⅜c; May 47⅛, 47⅞@47⅞, 47⅞, 47⅛@47½c; July 47⅞, 47⅞, 47¼, 47⅛c. Oats—No. 2 January 28⅜, 28¼, 28¼, 28¼; May 31⅛@31¼, 31⅞, 31¼, 31⅜@31¼c. Mess pork, per bbl, January $11 87½, 11 40, 11 87½, 11 40. May $11 60, 11 72½, 11 60, 11 72½. Lard, per 100 lbs—January $6 72½, 6 77½, 6 72½, 6 77½; May $6 90, 6 95, 6 90, 6 95. Short ribs, per 100 lbs—January [illegible] 67½, 5 72½, 5 67½, 5 72½; May [illegible] 5 97½, 5 90, 5 97½.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 3.—Flour dull. Wheat steady; No. 2 red, spot 60@60½c; January 60@60½c; February 60⅝@61c; May 63⅜@63½c; steamer No. 2 red 57@57½c; Southern wheat, by sample 59@61c; do on grade 57½@60½c. Corn firm; mixed, spot and January 47½@47⅜c. February 47⅞@48c; May 50⅜@50⅝c; steamer mixed 46@46½c; Southern white corn 48½@48½c; do yellow 46½@47½c [illegible] firm; No. 2 white, Western 38@38½c; No. 2 mixed Western 37½c.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

January 3—Galveston, firm at 5 1-16—net receipts 7 465 bales. Norfolk, quiet at 5 3 16c—net receipts 479 bales. Baltimore, nominal at 5⅝c—net receipts — bales; Boston, quiet 5 11-16c—net receipts 772 bales; Wilmington, steady at 5c—net receipts 106 bales; Philadelphia, quiet at 5 15 16c—net receipts 338. Savannah, quiet, easy at 5 1-16—net receipts 5,211 bales; New Orleans, weak at 5 1-16—net receipts 13 855 bales. Mobile, easy at 5c—net receipts 1,420 bales; Memphis, quiet and steady at 5⅛—net receipts 487 bales; Augusta, quiet and steady at 5⅛c—net receipts 122 bales; Charleston, steady at 5⅛c—net receipts 2 417 bales; Cincinnati, steady at 5½c—net receipts 4 210 bales; Louisville, quiet at 5⅛; St. Louis, quiet at 5⅛c—net receipts 902 bales; Houston, steady at 5c—net receipts 5 761 bales.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LIVERPOOL, Jan. 3.—Noon—Cotton, demand fair and prices in buyers' favor. American middling [illegible]; sales 12 000 bales, of which 11,100 were American; speculation and export [illegible] bales. Receipts 26,000 bales, of which 25 500 were American. Futures opened steady at the decline; demand moderate. American middling: January and February 3 60-64d; February and March 3 62-64d; May and June 3 [illegible]; July and August 3 5-64d; August and September 3 6 64d. Futures steady.

4 P. M.—American middling fair, 3⅜d; good middling 3 3-16d; middling 3 1-16d; low middling 2⅞d; good ordinary 2¾d; ordinary 2 9-16d. January 2 59 64@2 60 64d; January and February 2 59 64@2 60 64d; February and March 2 61-64d, seller; March and April 2 62-64@2 63 64d; April and May 3d, seller; May and June 3 1 64d, buyer; June and July 3 2 64@3 3 64d; July and August 3 4 64d, buyer; August and September 3 5-64@3 6 64d; September and October 3 6 64@3 7 64d. Futures closed easy.

Guaranteed Cure.

We authorize our advertised druggist to sell Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, upon this condition. If you are afflicted with a Cough, Cold or any Lung, Throat or Chest trouble, and will use this remedy as directed, giving it a fair trial, and experience no benefit, you may return the bottle and have your money refunded. We could not make this offer, did we not know that Dr. King's New Discovery could be relied on. It never disappoints. Trial bottles free at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. Large size 50c. and $1.00

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhoea. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. †

MARINE.

Port Almanac—January 4.

Sun Rises	7.10 A M
Sun Sets	5.01 P M
Day's Length	9 h 51 m
High Water at Southport	1 39 P M
High Water at Wilmington	3 26 P M

CLEARED.

Schr Lizzie V Hall, Hudson, New Haven, Conn, Geo Harriss, Son & Co, cargo by Peregoy Lumber Co.

EXPORTS.

COASTWISE.

NEW HAVEN—Schr Lizzie Hall—273 000 feet lumber.

MARINE DIRECTORY

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., January 4, 1895

STEAMSHIPS.

Turquoise (Br), 1355 tons, Thomer, Alex Sprunt & Son

Remus (Br), 1,722 tons, Schwaner, Alex Sprunt & Son.

BARQUES.

Linda (Nor) 332 tons, ———, S W Skinner.

BRIGS.

Arcadia, 283 tons, Fisher, Geo Harriss Son & Co.

SCHOONERS

Richard T Green, 289 tons, Slichter, Geo Harriss, Son & Co

Edna and Emma, 174 tons Richardson, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

E H Prescott, 201 tons, Farrar, Geo Harriss, Son & Co

Lelia Smith, 264 tons, Smith, George Harriss, Son & Co.

Cora M Mitchell, 156 tons, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Percy W Schall, 238 tons, Hubbark, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Mystery (Br), 190 tons, Richards, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Turban (Br) 167 tons, Hill, J H Chadbourn & Co.

Helen Montague, 387 tons, Adams, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Anna V Lamson, 331 tons, Dole, Geo Harriss Son & Co.

Sebago, 293 tons, Thompson, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Below COST!

All the Holiday Goods,

We have on hand, consisting of many useful presents for NEW YEAR, will be sold regardless of What they COST.

CLOAKS, CAPES and JACKETS, At prime New York Cost.

Blankets and Comforts AT COST.

BIG REDUCTION —IN—

Carpets —AND— **Art Squares.**

REMNANTS of Carpets at unheard-of Prices.

Window Shades & Curtain Poles The best line in the City.

A. D. BROWN,

Successor to Brown & Roddick, No. 9 North Front Street.

dec 23 tf

Salt.

800 Bags SALT.
900 Bags FLOUR.
200 bags R. P. OATS
100 Bags SHOT.
50 Barrels MULLETS.
25 barrels MOLASSES.

Anxious to quote prices,

W. R. COOPER,
Wholesale Grocer and Commission Merchant,
North Water Street,
Wilmington, N. C.

dec 30 tf D&W

W. H. Nash, Barber & Hair-Dresser,

WISHES us to inform his friends and patrons that he can hereafter be found with us. We take this method, also, to inform them that we have the neatest and cleanest shop in the State. You patronage solicited. Satisfaction guaranteed.

H. C. PREMPERT'S SONS,
Experts in Barbering,
No. 11 South Front St.

dec 15 tf

Young Mothers!

We Offer You a Remedy which Insures Safety to Life of Mother and Child.

"MOTHER'S FRIEND"

Robs Confinement of its Pain, Horror and Risk.

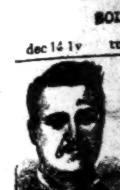
After using one bottle of "Mother's Friend" I suffered but little pain, and did not experience that weakness afterward usual in such cases.—Mrs. ANNIE GAGE, Lamar, Mo., Jan. 15th, 1891.

Sent by express, charges prepaid, on receipt of price, $1.50 per bottle. Book to Mothers mailed free.

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., ATLANTA, GA.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

dec 14 1y tu th sa



JOHNSON'S MAGNETIC OIL! Instant Killer of Pain. Internal and External. Cures RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, Lame Back, Sprains, Bruises, Swellings, Stiff Joints, COLIC and CRAMPS instantly. Cholera Morbus, Croup, Diptheria, Sore Throat, HEADACHE, as if by magic.

THE HORSE BRAND, Especially prepared for Stock, Double Strength, the most Powerful and Penetrating Liniment for Man or Beast in existence. Large $1 size 75c., 50c. size 35c.

JOHNSON'S ORIENTAL SOAP. Medicated and Toilet. The Great Skin Cure and Face Beautifier. Ladies will find it the most delicate and highly perfumed Toilet Soap on the market. It is absolutely pure. Makes the skin soft and velvety and restores the lost complexion; is a luxury for the Bath for Infants. It alays itching, cleanses the scalp and promotes the growth of hair. Price 25c. For sale by

J. HICKS BUNTING, Y. M. C. A. Building. For sale by JOHN H. HARDIN.

ap 2 D&W 1y ch sat Wilmington, N. C.

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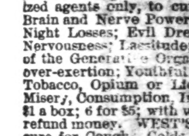
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WOMAN'S WORLD.

A YOUNG CALIFORNIA WOMAN WHO WEARS SHORT SKIRTS.

Well Known Women Who Play Billiards—A Boon to Women—An Encounter With a Placid Archduchess—Beatrice Harraden In California—A Striking Contrast.

Woman's struggle for hygienic and unartistic dress reform, which trespasses well over the border lines of masculine attire, is a hard one and very slow of results. But she can take courage from the fact that here and there an earnest advocate of the cause crops up who is courageous enough to walk the streets in short skirts and leggings, ride horseback in a bloomer costume and never mind the gibes which are thrown at her from the passersby.

Miss McCormick, a successful young artist of Pacific Grove, Cal., is a recent example of this kind of fortitude. The short skirt is a matter of convenience to her, and she has adopted it for all outdoor occasions. For fear of shocking the villagers by her sudden change in



dress, she began by making her skirts just below her shoe tops and shortening them a half inch every day until now they barely reach the knee. Her costumes are made by a San Francisco tailor and are said to be very chic and becoming. One is of gray corduroy, with skirt to the knees, and corduroy leggings fastened all the way up with leather straps and buckles.

The coat is made long and worn over a waistcoat of the same, double breasted. A dainty shirt and an Ascot tie give it the finishing touch. A more dressy suit is of white corduroy. For long tramps, when she is on sketching tours, she has a suit of English serge, with russet leggings and a leather belt. Miss McCormick is at present engaged in painting horses in the corral just outside the hotel grounds of Del Monte.—New York Sun.

Women Who Play Billiards.

Having fenced, swam, played golf and ridden bicycles, fashionable woman is now seeking for new fads to conquer, and most prominent among them is to be playing billiards, an English style now obtaining in this country to some extent. Billiards for women is by no means a new idea, even Shakespeare making us believe that Cleopatra was fond of playing, while Mary, queen of Scots, was an admirer of it, and on the eve of her execution wrote complaining that her table had been taken from her. Empress Josephine used to challenge Napoleon to a game during his moody times, and nowadays many well known ladies play a really good game. This is particularly true of Mrs. Jack Astor and Miss Helen Gould, both of whom learned by playing with their brothers when children. Miss Agnes de Forrest is one of the most prominent pupils of a fashionable "billiard professor," and last summer at Newport she practiced a great deal.

Mrs. John Jacob Astor is another good player, she first taking up the fad in order to play with her husband, who was fond of all sports. Mrs. Astor's cue she prizes highly, the handle being of tiny bits of fancy woods, inlaid with mother of pearl. Last winter Mrs. Paran Stevens had a magnificent new billiard table placed in the elegant and newly fitted up billiard room at the top of her Fifty-seventh street mansion, and during Lent she gave several billiard parties, at which good scores were made by ladies. Mme. Patti is a famous billiard enthusiast, it being said of her, "Of all billiard fiends, Patti is the 'cooky.'"

Another talented person who likes to play is Mrs. Elizabeth Custer, the reader. She first learned to play when living with General Custer on the frontier, where a dilapidated billiard table was the only means of amusement. Mrs. Howard Barnes divides her affection between the piano, which she plays so finely, and billiards, and she has been heard to say that if she must give up either the piano or the billiard table she would choose the former. Other well known women who play are Mrs. Pierre Lorillard, Mrs. August Belmont, Jr., Mrs. Burke Roche, Mrs. Horace Stokes, Mrs. Bradley-Martin, Miss Anita de Garmendia, Miss Helen Douglas, Miss Louise Pomeroy, Miss Edith Valentine and Miss Josephine Sherman.—New York Advertiser.

A Boon to Women.

There's a new thing in the shoe business. A man who has been at it in this city for a number of years and knows all about the whims of customers and the ins and outs of the trade has hit upon the novel scheme. His plan is simple, but most practical. It is no more than to measure, fit and complete the sale at the customer's residence. An order is received, an idea given of the goods desired, and a wagon carrying a miniature shoe stock is dispatched to the home, accompanied by an experienced salesman. All the details are attended to in the privacy of the boudoir or the reception room. And thus the feet are shod without trouble, annoyance or embarrassment.

Embarrassment? Yes, there is much of it that is connected with the purchase of a pair of shoes, slippers or boots in a public store. With many fashionable and other young women it is an hour to be dreaded when the shoe store must be visited. And visited it must be, as no directions can be given by which husband, father or brother can bring home a satisfactory shoe. The styles are constantly changing, and carefully as the standard sizes may be observed by the manufacturer either the foot or the size of the shoe seems to change at each new purchase.

The new scheme will also be approved by many others. How many portly matrons will hail with delight the opportunity of selecting their shoes at home? Then there are housewives, young mothers, semi-invalids, gouty old men, timid young women, who will appreciate the new idea, and the mother of half a dozen youngsters, each of whom has kicked through all the stout shoe leather of a few weeks before, can already feel a relief. The husband on his way to the office simply leaves directions, and the job is done.—Chicago Tribune.

A Placid Archduchess.

A funny little story, with a moral, comes from Ischl. Not long ago a lady who had just arrived from Roumania took a stroll to Sophie's Doppel Blick, a celebrated point of view. There she met a young married lady, accompanied by her little girl. The smart, rather overdressed stranger was much struck with the child's frock, which was exquisitely embroidered with forgetmenots, and advancing calmly asked the youthful mother where the garment was bought. "I embroider all her frocks myself. It gives me such pleasure," was the smiling answer.

At this a shade of scorn came on the questioner's face, and she said, with ill concealed contempt: "That is only possible with a very small household. People like myself, who have so many visitors and move in the best society, have no time for such middle class pleasures."

The other lady laughed, but returned no answer, and the fair Roumanian continued boasting until at last her hearer said mildly: "I also have to play hostess occasionally. My father, the emperor, favors us from time to time with a visit, and the empress often comes to see her grandchildren, as well as many other members of the imperial family; but, all the same, I have invariably leisure in the morning hours to do embroidery for my little girl."

And before the stranger had recovered from her embarrassment the Archduchess Valerie and her little daughter were gone.—New York Journal.

Beatrice Harraden.

Miss Beatrice Harraden is gaining health slowly, but surely, out in California. She is staying at a ranch near San Diego and proposes to take a long draft of Pacific coast ozone before she leaves there next June. Those who meet the young English woman find her a very charming personality. Entirely unassuming, her bright mind affords a fund of entertainment for her companions. At a dinner recently given by Journalist Charles Nordhoff, Miss Harraden was the center of attraction and entertained the company with some of her experiences. "My book," she says, "brought me bushels of letters in criticism of it. Some of them are very funny. An Italian said, 'I read your book, and I love it.' I answered his letter. Such devotion was entrancing, though I believe this foreigner was ignorant of the English meaning of the words he used."

Miss Harraden admits that her own experience at a health resort suggested the young woman in "Ships" and promises, too, that her forthcoming story is to be about healthy persons. She still suffers much inconvenience from paralysis of the right fore arm, brought on by playing the violoncello. She can write only ten minutes at a time and uses for this work a penholder of the diameter of a broomstick. This arm trouble is very similar to the affection known as writer's cramp and affects the hand as well as the fore arm.

A Contrast.

On the morning of the day of the recent great military review in Boston that genial observer, "Listener," of The Daily Transcript, paused a moment at one of the armories to see the young militiamen in their everyday clothes, serenely arriving to prepare for the day's pageant, and this is what he saw:

There came up two pale and pimply youths, somewhat undersized, with soldiers' trousers on, but otherwise in citizens' dress. They had parcels under their arms and went into the armory, throwing away half burned cigarettes as they entered. They were not imposing in appearance. They had the aspect of half suffocated dry goods clerks. Their chests were narrow and their legs spindling. But they could be soldiers. Then there passed in the opposite direction two girls, who were almost 6 feet high, perfect Dianas in their proportions. They walked springily and firmly and held their rosy faces sufficiently high. They had never smoked any cigarettes—that was clear—and they were altogether splendid specimens of humanity. Were they on their way to a gymnasium not far off? The Listener does not know. At any rate, they looked as if they had lived naturally and wholesomely and as if they had strong and supple limbs and resolute spirits. In short, they looked about 99 per cent fitter to be soldiers than the youths who had just gone into the armory.

Pearls In Fashion.

The leaders of fashion in Paris have declared that pearls shall be the most fashionable of all ornaments this winter. Strings of fine pearls will be twisted in and out among the coils of the hair, a happy revival of the styles in vogue in the days of Louis Quinze, when the ladies of France wore their hair powdered and decked with pearls. The use of pearls will not be confined to the hair, however, for they will be worn in every kind of a necklace, from a single row to a wide collar made of rows of pearls caught together with a diamond clasp at intervals around the neck. A long, slender chain of pearls is another fancy, and this is worn twice around the throat, forming a kind of necklace. It falls in graceful loops to the waist and is caught at one side of the corsage by a jeweled pin.

For those who cannot afford the genuine article there are surprisingly good reproductions of the most costly pearls. Art has improved on the old fashioned imitation, which never varied in color from the waxy whiteness, and now the changing tints are brought out in all the exquisite colorings of the real gem.

Harriet Maxwell Converse.

An accomplished woman who has been adopted by the Seneca tribe of Indians, and who takes a deep interest in their welfare and advancement, is Mrs. Harriet Maxwell Converse, who resides in New York city. In 1792 the Senecas adopted her grandfather, giving him the name of Ty-ya-hy-ez, which means honest trader. In 1804 her father was adopted by them, and it was but natural that she should have great influence with them. Some four years ago they made Mrs. Converse a chief, she being the first woman to receive such an honor. They call her Ya-ie-wah-noh, which interpreted is to the effect that she has watched like an eagle over their interests. Mrs. Converse has many magnificent wampum belts of great value.

An Inning For Velvet.

Velvet has been out of the running, rather—as regards evening dresses—for the last three or four years, but this winter it is to have an inning and is already supplanting moire antique for dinner and tea gowns. I have just seen a magnificent ball gown of this material for the wife of one of our merchant princes. It is in soft rose pink, with pearl stars of varying size embroidered on the front and the most fascinating of sleeves made of white chiffon, open down the center to show the arm, and bordered each side with a narrow band of sable. This sounds like an incongruous mixture, but it is successful in the hands of an artist.—Westminster Budget.

Business Women In Chicago.

It is said that Chicago takes the lead of all other cities in the employment of women in business, and that there is scarcely an office or store in which they are not at work as secretaries, accountants, cashiers, typewriters and clerks. The reason given for this is that the devastating fire of 20 years ago ruined so many families and cast so many women hitherto sheltered and cared for upon the business world to earn their own livelihood that a universal impulse of pity and kindness influenced business men to employ them whenever possible, and that they came through faithfulness and integrity to be desired on their own account.—Philadelphia Press.

Not a Trouble Breeder.

Not a home in Kansas has been broken up and probably not an iota of domestic discord has ever resulted from municipal suffrage for women during the past seven years. If the women in the towns are capable of exercising judgment and voting their conclusions as to matters of city government (street improvements, police regulations, gas, waterworks, etc.), are the women in the county any less capable of exercising judgment and voting their convictions as to bridges, courthouse bonds, salaries of county officers, etc.?—Lincoln (Kan.) Beacon.

Less Immodest to Vote Than to Waltz.

In a lecture on "The Model Woman" in the Church of Disciples, New York, the Rev. F. D. Power of Washington said he did not think, with some men, that it was immodest for women to vote. He regretted that they all had not votes. It was not one-half so immodest to go to the polls as it was to go into a crowded ballroom with bare arms, bare neck and bare back and be hugged in the waltz.

The Cape Gait.

Have you caught the cape gait yet? If you haven't, don't. Once there was a time when every woman switched her dress along the street from side to side of the walk. The cape wearer has adopted the same fad and goes along the street swinging the hem of her cape as if it were a skirt dancer's flounces.

The Sydney Bulletin supports woman suffrage because it is based on abstract justice and says it acquiesces in it because it is inevitable, and the person who refuses to acquiesce in the inevitable is merely shaking an impotent talon at the universe.

The chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution recently organized at Los Angeles with Mrs. Fremont as regent has been named the Eschscholtzia chapter, from the beautiful golden poppy flower of California.

Queen Victoria is described by a recent writer as a rather comfortable, motherly looking old woman in a plain black dress, from beneath which is visible the toe of a broad, easy fitting shoe.

Out of 800 young ladies employed in the savings bank department of the London postoffice only about a dozen, 1½ per cent, leave during the year to get married.

The lowest order of animal life is found in the microscopic jellyfish. It is simply a minute drop of gelatinous matter.

A locomotive engineer of the Cairo Short Line is a woman.

There are about 170,000 women in Connecticut.

THE RENT WAS NOT RAISED.

A Woman Showed Herself Too Smart For Her Landlord.

They met in a street car, and the woman with a golf cape remarked:

"I see you still have the same house."

"Yes, and at the same rent," remarked the woman with the ostrich boa.

"But I thought your landlord had decided to raise it?"

"He did, but somehow I didn't expect to move, though Tom gave up the house at once. You see, I really can't afford to have any more bric-a-brac smashed in moving wagons. I've lost enough already to stock a department store."

"So you have decided not to move?"

"Not quite, dear. You see, I told the landlord that I was sorry to move, but we really couldn't afford a higher rent and that I myself would gladly show the house to intending tenants. Then I set every room in order and waited."

"Well."

"Well, I really thought that the first woman that came would take it. I praised the closets and told her what swell neighbors we had and"—

"But I thought you didn't want to"—

"No, dear, but just as she was leaving I casually mentioned the fact that two persons had died of typhoid fever in the next house above and one two doors below. She seemed somewhat agitated, and when I called out the landlord's address after her she didn't seem much interested."

"But, Maggie, you know that was"—

"Some time ago? Yes, but I never could remember dates, and the people did die."

"Well, did she"—

"Never went near. The bedrooms were too small for the next people, and the next ones were delighted, but thought the rent rather dear. Then I remarked that immediately after luncheon I intended to run around and engage that lovely little house in the next square at a lower rent. They carelessly asked which house, and I noticed that they turned that corner."

"How could you? Well, did she"—

"Well, you know, it was cheaper, and if they had taken our house I should have been obliged to rent that, for it was near enough to have my bric-a-brac carried."

"Your landlord told me that Swellstyles intended to take it."

"They did, but after Mrs. Swellstyles and I had gone over it I said, 'Your children all look so healthy that I think the house will just suit you, but mine, you know, are rather delicate, and the least hint of sewer gas alarms us.' She turned pale, and I knew at once that not even the parlor mantel would induce her to take it."

"And the landlord?"

"Oh, he came around that evening and said that as we were such good tenants he had decided not to raise the rent. Tom was so surprised."

"No wonder," gasped her friend. "This is our stopping place. Come and have a cream soda. I feel faint."—Chicago Tribune.

The Childish Voice Too Much.

A good story is told of Signor Foli, the famous basso. Once upon a time he was singing "The Raft," when a childish voice from somewhere in the stalls suddenly piped in and attempted to organize an impromptu duet. Unfortunately the next line of the song was: "Hark! What sound is that which breaks upon mine ear?" This so tickled the fancy of the great vocalist that he burst into a hearty fit of laughter and left the platform, followed by the pianist. Twice they came back and attempted the song, and finally they had to give it up in despair, much to the amusement of the audience.

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In 1886, my son, suffered very much from cancer of the mouth. By advice of physicians, an operation was performed, extending from the jaw bone, which they scraped, but the cancer returned and grew rapidly. Finally, after trying many remedies in vain, I commenced to give him S. S. S.; after seven bottles had been taken the cancer disappeared entirely and though 4 years have elapsed, there has been no return, and I have every reason to believe that he is permanently cured. His cure is due exclusively to S. S. S.

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	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.
Leave Wilmington	3 45	7 30	......
		A. M.	
Leave Maxton	6 41	12 55	......
Arrive Hamlet	7 28	2 15	......
Leave Hamlet	7 30	3 0?	7 54
Leave Wadesboro	8 11	4 20	8 37
Arrive Monroe	9 07	5 50	9 3?
Leave Monroe	9 20	6 20	9 37
Arrive Charlotte	10 00	7 45	10 35
Leave Charlotte			10 35
Leave Lincolnton			11 47
			P. M.
Leave Shelby			12 4
Arr Rutherfordton			2 10

EASTBOUND TRAINS.

	No. 38 Daily	No. 24 Daily	No 402 Daily
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Lve Rutherfordton	......	......	4 00
Leave Shelby	......	......	5 33
Leave Lincolnton	......	......	6 30
Arrive Charlotte	......	......	7 55
Leave Charlotte	5 50	8 00	7 ??
Arrive Monroe	6 30	10 00	[illegible]
Leave Monroe	6 50	10 30	[illegible]
Leave Wadesboro	7 48	11 30	9 49
		A. M.	
Arrive Hamlet	8 40	1 05	10 20
Leave Hamlet	8 40	1 25	
Leave Maxton	9 38	2 21	
	P. M.		
Arrive Wilmington	12 30	7 30	

Schedule Between Wilmington and Raleigh.

Leave Wilmington	3.45 p m	7.30 p m
Arrive Raleigh	1 ? a m	11.?0 a m
Leave Raleigh	5.1? a m	3.45 p m
Arrive Wilmington	12.30 p m	7.5? a m

Schedule between Wilmington and Atlanta.

Leave Wilmington	3.45 p m	7.30 p m
Arrive Atlanta	5 2? a m	4 00 p m
Leave Atlanta	9.15 p m	1.00 p m
Arrive Wilmington	12.30 p m	7.50 a m

Sleepers on 23 and 24 between Wilmington and Charlotte.

Close connection at Athens by No. 23 for Macon, and close connection at Atlanta by Nos. 3 and 41 for Mobile, New Orleans, Nashville and all Southern, Western and Northwestern points.

Close connection by 23 and 41 for Augusta.

Nos. 403 and 402, "Atlanta Special," fast vestibule, daily for all points North, South and West.

Connections made at Lincolnton for Western N. C. points.

Junction Points—At Maxton with C F & Y V; at Wadesboro with Cheraw & Salisbury R R; at Hamlet with R & A, C S & N, and Palmetto Railway, at Monroe with G C & N; at Charlotte with R & D system; at Lincolnton with C & L Narrowgage, and at Shelby and Rutherfordton with the Three C's.

For information as to rates, schedules, &c., apply to THOS. D. MEARES, Agent S A L, Wilmington, N C.

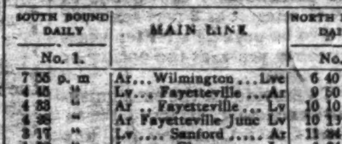
V. E. McBEE, Supt. Trans.

JNO. H. WINDER, Gen'l Mgr.

T. J. ANDERSON, Gen'l Pass. Agt. dec 23 tf

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railway Co.

JOHN GILL, Receiver.



CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

IN EFFECT NOV. 21, 1894.

SOUTH BOUND DAILY No. 1.	MAIN LINE.	NORTH BOUND DAILY No. 2.
7 55 p. m	Ar... Wilmington... Lve	6 40 a. m
4 45 "	Lv.... Fayetteville.... Ar	9 50 "
4 33 "	Ar.... Fayetteville.... Lv	10 10 "
4 36 "	Ar. Fayetteville Junc. Lv	10 1? "
3 17 "	Lv....... Sanford....... Ar	11 24 "
1 52 "	Lv....... Climax....... Lv	1 31 p. m
1 01 "	Lv.... Greensboro.... Ar	2 05 "
12 53 "	Ar.... Greensboro.... Lv	2 55 "
12 1? "	Lv.... Stokesdale.... Ar	3 48 "
11 45 a m	Lv.... Walnut Cove.... Ar	4 20 "
11 35 "	Ar.... Walnut Cove.... Lv	4 35 "
11 06 "	Lv.... Rural Hall.... Lv	5 01 "
9 45 "	Lv....... Mt Airy....... Ar	6 25 "

SOUTH BOUND DAILY No. 3.	Bennettsville Division.	NORTH BOUND DAILY No. 4.
7 50 p m	Ar... Bennettsville... Lv	6 45 a. m.
6 53 "	Lv....... Maxton....... Lv	7 53 "
6 02 "	Lv.... Red Springs.... Lv	8 30 "
5 10 "	Lv.... Hope Mills.... Lv	9 26 "
4 46 "	Lv.... Fayetteville.... Ar	9 50 "

SOUTH BOUND Daily except Sunday. No. 15. MIXED.	Factory and Madison Branches.	NORTH BOUND Daily except Sunday. No. 16. MIXED.
5 35 p m	Ar...... Ramseur...... Lv	6 50 a. m.
3 55 "	Lv...... Climax...... Lv	8 25 "
3 00 "	Lv.... Greensboro.... Ar	9 20 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 15. MIXED. daily ex su
Leave Greensboro	9 40 a. m
Leave Stokesdale	11 00 "
Arrive Madison	11 50 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 16 MIXED. daily ex su
Leave Madison	12 30 p. m
Leave Stokesdale	1 25 "
Arrive Greensboro	2 55 "

NORTH BOUND CONNECTIONS.

Trains Nos. 2 and 4 make close connection at Fayetteville Junction with the Atlantic Coast Line for all points North and East. Train No. 2 connects at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, North and South-bound, and at Greensboro with the Richmond & Danville Railroad, North and South-bound, and at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western R. R. for Winston-Salem. Train No. 16 connects at Madison with Norfolk & Western Railroad for Roanoke and all points North and West.

SOUTH-BOUND CONNECTIONS.

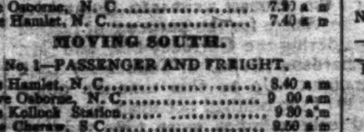
Train No. 1 makes close connection at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western Railroad for Roanoke and all points North and West, and at Greensboro with the Richmond & Danville Railroad, North and South-bound, and at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line for all Points North and South, and at Fayetteville Junction with Atlantic Coast Line for Charleston, Jacksonville, and all Florida points. Train No. 3 connects at Maxton with the Seaboard Air Line for Charlotte, Atlanta and all points South.

W. E. KYLE, Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. W. FRY, Gen'l Manager.

nov 30 tf

PALMETTO RAILROAD CO.



To Take Effect on Sept. 23, 1894.

MOVING NORTH.

No. 2—PASSENGER AND FREIGHT.

Leave Cheraw, S. C.	6.35 a m
Leave Kollock Station	6.50 a m
Leave Osborne, N. C.	7.?0 a m
Arrive Hamlet, N. C.	7.40 a m

MOVING SOUTH.

No. 1—PASSENGER AND FREIGHT.

Leave Hamlet, N. C.	8.40 a m
Arrive Osborne, N. C.	9 00 a m
Leave Kollock Station	9 30 a m
Arrive Cheraw, S. C.	9.50 a m

Close connection made at Hamlet with trains North, South, East and West.

sep 25 tf WM MONCURE, Supt.

What Science Has Done.

Crude Petroleum is to-day deodorized, and science has converted it into the King of all Soaps, under the name of "Coal Oil Johnny's Petroleum Soap, and the U. S. Government not only patented the process, but have sent it to every military post in this country. Their lists of supplies for August and September calls for Soap, and C. O. J. is the only kind asked for. It is a Laundry Soap in price, yet the quality is superior to any Toilet Soap made in America or Europe.

For sale by WORTH & WORTH.

oct 11 tf

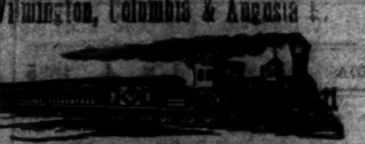
D. O'Connor,



REAL ESTATE AGENT, Wilmington, N. C. Stores, Offices and Dwellings for rent. Houses and Lots for sale on easy terms. Rents, taxes and insurance attended to promptly. Cash loaned on improved city real estate. june 24 tf

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.



CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

Nov. 18, 1894.	No 55	No 51
	P M	
Leave Wilmington	*3 30	
Leave Marion	6 21	
Arrive Florence	7 10	
	P M	A M
Leave Florence	*7 35	*8 15
Arrive Sumter	8 36	4 21
		No 59
	P M	A M
Leave Sumter	8 38	*9 58
Arrive Columbia	10 00	11 10

No. 51 runs through from Charleston via Central Railroad, Leaving Lanes 8 48 a m. Manning 9 ?5 a m.

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

	No 56	No 53
	A M	P M
Leave Columbia	*4 30	*4 ??
Arrive Sumter	5 53	5 50
	No 66	No 50
	A M	P M
Leave Sumter	5 55	*? 55
Arrive Florence	7 10	7 00
	A M	
Leave Florence	7 35	
Leave Marion	8 18	
Arrive Wilmington	11 00	

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday.

No. 53 runs through to Charleston, S C, via Central R R, arriving Manning 6 21 p m, Lanes 7 05 p m, Charleston 8 40 p m.

Trains on South and North Carolina Railroad leave Atkins 9.40 a m and 6 30 p m, arriving Lucknow 11.10 am and 8 p m, returning leave Lucknow 6 45 a m and 4 30 p m, arriving Atkins 8.15 a m and 5 50 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Hartsville R R leave Hartsville daily except Sunday at 4 30 a m, arriving Floyds 5 00 a m. Returning, leave Floyds 9 45 p m, arriving at Hartsville 10 15 p m.

Trains on Wilmington, Chadbourn and Conway R R leave Chadbourn 10 10 a m, arrive Conway at 1 30 p m, returning leave Conway 3 00 p m, arrive Chadbourn 4 50 p m, Leave Chadbourn 5 35 p m, arrive at Hub 6 30 p m. Returning, leave Hub 8 15 a m, arrive at Chadbourn 9 00 a m. Daily except Sunday.

JOHN F. DIVINE, Gen'l Sup't.

J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.

T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager. nov 18tf

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R. and Branches



CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

Dated Nov 18, '94	No. 23 Daily.	No. 35 Daily	No. — Daily	No. 41 Daily
	A M	P M		A M
Leave Weldon	11 57	9 27	......	......
Arr. Rocky Mount	1 00	10 20	......	......
Arrive Tarboro	2 28	......	......	......
Leave Tarboro	12 10	......	......	......
Lv Rocky Mount	1 08	10 20	......	6 00
Leave Wilson	2 08	11 03	......	......
Leave Selma	2 58	......	......	......
Lv. Fayetteville	4 30	12 53	......	......
Arrive Florence	7 15	3 00	......	......
	No. 47 Daily.			
				A M
Leave Wilson	2 18	......	......	6 35
Leave Goldsboro	3 05	......	......	7 20
Leave Magnolia	4 16	......	......	8 29
Ar Wilmington	5 50	......	......	10 00
	P M			

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

Dated Nov 18, '94	No. 78 Daily	No. — Daily	No. 3 Daily	No. 40 Daily
	A M		P M	
Lv Florence	7 25	......	7 1?	......
Lv Fayetteville	10 10	......	9 1?	......
Leave Selma	11 ??	......	......	......
Arrive Wilson	12 ??	......	11 1?	......
	No. 48 Daily			
	A M			P M
Lve Wilmington	9 00	......	......	6 3?
Leave Magnolia	10 32	......	......	8 0?
Lv Goldsboro	11 ??	......	......	1?
Arrive Wilson	12 ??	......	......	9 ?8
	No. 78 Daily		No. 32 Daily	
	P M		P M	P M
Leave Wilson	12 5?	......	11 20	10 00
Ar Rocky Mt.	1 ?	......	12 02	11 40
Ar Tarboro	2 28	......	......	......
Lv Tarboro	12 20	......	......	......
Lv Rocky Mt.	1 ?	......	12 ??	......
Arrive Weldon	3 10	......	12 55	......
	P M		A M	P M

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.40 p m, Halifax 4.00 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 4.50 p m, Greenville 6.37 p m, Kinston 7 35 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7 20 a m, Greenville 8.22 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11:00 a m, Weldon 11.20 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 7.00 a. m., arrive Parmele 8.40 a. m., Tarboro 9 50; returning leaves Tarboro 4 50 p m; Parmele 6.10 p. m., arrives Washington 7.35 p. m. Daily except Sunday. Connects with trains on Scotland Neck Branch.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, at 5.00 p m; Sunday 3.00 p m; arrive Plymouth 9 00 p m, 5 20 p m. Returning, leave Plymouth daily except Sunday 6.00 a m, Sunday 9 30 a m; Arrive Tarboro 10 25 a m and 11 45 a m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 6 00 a m; arrive Smithfield, N. C., 7.30 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield, N. C.; 8 00 a m; arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 9 30 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5 30 p m. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8 35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9 05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Latta Branch Florence Railroad leaves Latta 6.40 p m, arrive at Dunbar 7.50 p m; returning leave Dunbar 6.30 a m, arrive Latta 7.50 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leaves Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 4 10 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.20 a m., connecting at Warsaw with main line trains.

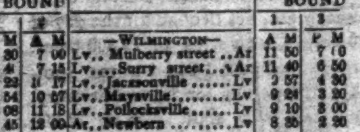
Train No. 78 makes close connection at Weldon for all points North daily. All rail via Richmond, and daily except Sunday via Portsmouth and Bay Line, also at Rocky Mount with Norfolk and Carolina Railroad for Norfolk daily and all points north via Norfolk daily except Sunday.

JOHN F. DIVINE, Gen'l Supt.

J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.

T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager. nov 18 tf

W., N. & N. Railway.



In Effect Monday, Aug. 20, 1894.

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

NORTH BOUND 4	NORTH BOUND 2	STATIONS	SOUTH BOUND 1	SOUTH BOUND 3
P M	A M	—WILMINGTON—	A M	P M
3 30	7 00	Lv.. Mulberry street .. Ar	11 50	7 (0
3 4?	7 15	Lv.. Surry street ... Ar	11 40	6 50
4 22	8 17	Lv.. Jacksonville Lv	9 57	4 30
4 54	10 07	Lv.. Maysville...... Lv	9 24	3 20
5 08	11 18	Lv.. Pollocksville..... Lv	9 10	3 00
5 45	12 00	Ar.. Newbern Lv	8 35	2 20
P M	M		A M	P M

Trains 1 and 4 make close connection with trains on A. & N. C. R. R. for Morehead City and Beaufort.

Steamers on New River leave Jacksonville at 7 30 a m; returning leave Marine's 12 m, arriving at Jacksonville 3.00 p m, connecting with trains 4 and 3.

H. A. WHITING, General Manager

J. W. MARTENIS, Traffic Manager. aug 21 tf

1831 The Cultivator 1895 AND Country Gentleman,

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SIX SUBSCRIPTIONS, do. do. 10
TEN SUBSCRIPTIONS, do. do. 15

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LUTHER TUCKER & SON, Publishers, Albany, N. Y.

oc 16 tf

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY MORNING, JAN. 4, 1895

MUNICIPAL REFORM.

Report of the Special Committee of the New York Chamber of Commerce—Recommendation That the Lexow Committee be Continued with Enlarged Powers.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, January 3.—At a regular meeting of the Chamber of Commerce to-day the report of the special Committee on Municipal Reform concerning an investigation by the Legislature of all the departments of the city of New York, was submitted by Charles Stewart Smith. The committee recommends that the Lexow Committee be continued until January 1st, 1896, with power to investigate any and all of the departments of this city, that special powers should be given this committee to compel the attendance of witnesses and to punish for contempt, and that the grand jury in the court of Oyer and Terminer, now empannelled, should be retained for the indictment and prosecution of public officers who have been guilty of corrupt misconduct in office.

The report also says: Six years of Tammany administration have cost the city in bonded indebtedness and expenditures from appropriations $274,671,076, as against $237,051,919 for the preceding six years an average increase of over $6,000,000 per annum, exclusive of revenue and assessment bonds. The jury lists have been tampered with and the foundation head of civil and criminal justice has been polluted. Incompetent, unfit or dishonest persons have in many instances taken the place of intelligent, aggressive and honest citizens on the jury rolls, to subserve the corrupt and criminal ends of law-breakers. Puplic contracts are awarded to a few favored contractors, while, as a rule, the departments are filled with employes appointed at the dictation of political bosses, and of a class ignorant of their duties and generally entirely unfit for positions. Thousands of men are upon the payrolls of the various departments who practically do no work.

The committee believe that an examination by special grand juries will not alone answer the purpose. The removal of the heads of departments to be replaced with better will not suffice. Wholesale removals will not suffice, though necessary. Wholesale punishment must follow until it has drawn into the meshes of the law not only the corrupt official, but the corrupt contractor as well. Blackmail and bribery must stop. In all this work the Legislature should do its part.

In conclusion the committee offer resolutions recognizing the value of the work done by the Lexow Committee, and thanking them for the faithful manner in which they performed their duties, and extend their thanks to John W. Goff and his associates for the able and effective manner in which the evidence was prepaired and laid before the public.

STEEL WORKERS' STRIKE.

A Turbulent Meeting at Braddock, Pa.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BRADDOCK, PA, January 3.—The striking Slavs and Huns from the Edgar Thompson Steel Works, to the number of 1.000, gathered at the Opera House at 11 o'clock this morning. About one-half entered the building while the rest collected in noisy crowds on the streets. The meeting was very turbulent and a number of fist-fights occurred. The greatest excitement prevailed for a time. Mike Coloski, a leader, was thrown bodily from the hall. In the turmoil which followed half a dozen others were carried to the door and thrown into the street. When peace had been restored another leader, Shedloski, took charge of the meeting and a Committee of Seven was appointed to confer with Manager Gayley. The meeting continued with great disorder until 1.30 this afternoon. The committee had some difficulty in deciding on what demands they would make at the conference with Manager Gayley, but finally determined to demand eight hours for a day's work at $1.45 per day, or a twelve-hour day at $1.70.

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

Prices of All Products Practically Unchanged.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, January 3.—May wheat opened at 57¼c, sold between 57¼ and 57⅞c, closing at 57⅝@57⅝—¼@⅜c higher than yesterday. The cash market was easy early, but firm later, on the whole prices showing no particular change.

May corn opened from 47¼@47⅜c, sold at 47⅝@47⅜c, where it closed a slight fraction over yesterday. Cash corn sold ⅛c lower than yesterday, but closed at about steady figures.

Provisions—In continuation of yesterday's weakness and on the large run of hogs with irrigularity in the market at the yards, there was an easy tone to the product at the opening. Only moderate business steadiness followed, and at the end firmness was obtained from grain. The close was 7½@10c higher than yesterday for May pork, 2½c higher for May lard and 2½@5c higher for May ribs.

SPOTS AND FUTURES

New York Sun's Review of the Cotton Market.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—The *Sun* says: Cotton declined 4 points, closing quiet and steady at a net decline for the day of 2 to 3 points, with sales of 79,300 bales. Liverpool declined 1-32d on the spot, and 3½ to 4 points for future delivery, closing easy with spot sales of 12,000 bales. In Manchester yarns were in buyer's favor with cloths quiet. Bombay receipts for the week were 25,000 bales, against 40,000 for the same week last year. Port receipts to day 39,183 against 47,405 this day last week, and 24,237 last year. Total thus far this week amounts to 197,576 bales, against 254,827 thus far last week. Exports from the ports to-day 22,958 to Great Britain and 500 to the Continent. Southern spot markets were generally quiet and unchanged. New Orleans' receipts to-morrow are estimated at 11,000 to 13,000 against 6,495 the same day last week, and 6,076 last year. In spite of a decline in Liverpool and very fair receipts prices here receded only slightly. The arrivals at some of the interior towns were quite moderate. There was a lack of speculative vim, however.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, January 3.—Spirits turpentine quiet and steadier at 27¼@28c. Rosin dull but steady; strained common to good $1 35@1 40.

CHARLESTON, January 3.—Spirits turpentine firm at 24½; receipts — casks. Rosin firm; good strained $1 00; receipts 50 barrels.

SAVANNAH, January 3—Spirits turpentine firm at 25½c for regulars; sales 600 casks; receipts 380 casks. Rosin firm at an advance of 5c on pale grades; demand good; sales 8,000 barrels.

Dry Goods go to day at slaughtered prices at the dry goods house of Katz & Polvogt, 116 Market street. This is their Bargain Day. †

CONGRESS IN SESSION.

SMALL ATTENDANCE OF SENATORS AND REPRESENTATIVES.

The Nicaragua Canal Bill Debated in the Senate and the Currency Bill Discussed in the House.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, January 3.—Forty Senators were in their seats when the Senate was called to order at noon, the Vice-President in the chair.

Mr. Sherman reported the Lodge resolution requesting the President to transmit to the Senate all papers relating to the delivery by the U. S. Consul at Shanghai of two Japanese citizens to the Chinese authorities, and to inform the Senate whether those two Japanese were put to death after being tortured. The resolution was agreed to.

Among the bills introduced and referred was one by Mr. George—by request—"to prevent the hoarding of coin in the Treasury, sub-treasuries or any other national depositories; to amend the law relating to national banks and to supply a safe and permanent national currency."

During the morning hour there was a somewhat amusing discussion of the resolution offered by Mr. Allen (Pop., Neb.) before the holidays, proposing an investigation into the affairs of the Senate restaurant—Mr. Allen asserting that, in addition to rooms, furniture, carpets, tables, chairs, ranges and stoves, supplied gratuitously to the restaurant keeper, he was also furnished with fuel, light and ice, to the amount of from $8,000 to $10,000 a year; and this outlay from the contingent fund of the Senate was denounced as larceny.

At the expiration of the morning hour, the resolution on the calendar and will hardly be heard from any more; as it cannot be taken up except on motion and by a majority vote.

The Nicaragua Canal bill was then taken up, and Mr. Morgan, Chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations, occupied the attention of the Senate from two o'clock until five, in replying to Mr. Turpe's three-days' speech against the bill. He had not concluded at the time of adjournment, but will do so to-morrow.

In the course of his speech Mr. Morgan said: "The purposes of this bill are simple and easy to be understood. They are:

"First—To amend the act of February 20, 1890, to incorporate the Maritime Canal Company of Nicaragua so as to limit the stock and bonds which that company is authorized to issue at $100,000,000 of each.

"Second—To provide that the United States may become the owner of $70,000,000 of the stock of that company.

"Third—To provide for fifteen directors of the company, ten of whom shall be appointed by the President and confirmed by the Senate.

"Fourth—To provide for the guarantee by the United States of $70,000,000 of the bonds of this company when it is thus re-organized with the consent of the present stockholders, the bonds to bear a rate of interest at 3 per cent. per annum, and to be payable after ten years and within thirty years, at the option of the United States.

"Fifth—To provide for the extinguishment of all existing contract between the Maritime Canal Company and any other person or corporation, except the concessions which it owns from Costa Rica and Nicaragua, and for payment of its debts and obligations of every sort, under the examination and to the satisfaction of the Secretary of the Treasury before any bonds can be issued by the company or indorsed by the United States.

"Sixth—To provide a board of three inspectors, to be selected by the President of the United States to examine into and report upon all the surveys, work, expenditures and contracts for work each quarter of the year as the work progresses and to certify that the work has been faithfully performed, its measurement, value and cost, before any bonds can be issued; and to provide for regulations by the Secretary of the Treasury for the control of such matters; and also to provide for the selection by the President of a board of three engineers—one from the army, one from the navy and one from civil life—to act under his orders and at his discretion to make any examination of the country, the canal, the surveys, or the progress and character of the work that he may desire to have made either preliminary to the beginning of the work on the canal, or at any time during its progress.

Seventh—To provide that the President should have power to suspend the issue of indorsed bonds by the company at any time prior to the first day of July, 1897.

"Eighth—To pay the present Maritime Canal Company for their concessions and for the surveys in stock of the company and for the work that has been done, and for the plant and materials they have furnished in indorsed bonds of the company.

"Ninth—This amendment cannot take effect until all these conditions and provisions have been complied with and until the provisions of the bill have been accepted by the present company organization.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Less than one hundred members of the House were in their seats to-day when the last session of the Fifty-third Congress was resumed after the holiday recess. Chaplain Bagby, in his opening prayer, asked that there might be unity of opinion among the Representatives in the coming months, in order that legislation might be effected for the benefit of the whole people.

After the call of committees for reports the House went into Committee of the Whole for the purpose of further considering the Currency bill, and Mr. Richardson (Dem., of Tennessee) took the chair. Up to this time the opponents of the bill had occupied one hour and forty minutes more time than its friends, and the chairman recognized Mr. Black (Dem., of Georgia) to speak first in favor of the bill, in the absence of Mr. Culberson (Dem., of Texas) who had been expected to re-open the debate.

Mr. Black reviewed some of the various criticisms made against the bill, declaring that the measure had been the subject of long and earnest consideration and was not in any sense the creation of immature thought. Regarding the point that it proposed to retire the greenbacks against the wishes of the country, Mr. Black said that the people had had an opportunity on two or three occasions to express themselves. In 1880 Gen. Weaver was candidate for President on a greenback platform and he received about 300,000 votes, against 8 800,000 for Garfield and Hancock. In 1884 Gen. Butler, of Massachusetts, was the candidate of the party, and he received of the popular vote 175,000 against 9 600,000 for Cleveland and Blaine. In 1888 Mr. Streator received 146 000 votes against 10,900,000 for Cleveland and Harrison. We all know the result of the election of 1892.

Mr. Black deprecated the passage of legislation in the effort to relieve business depression or any commercial ills. Nothing ought to be done, he said, that would lead the people to think that every time they wanted anything done to relieve or improve their condition they could come to Congress with confidence that what they asked would be granted. The bill under discussion, Mr. Black said, in answer to a question by Mr. Walker, (Dem., Mass) might not do all that was expected of it, but he was willing to vote for it as an experiment. All legislation on this line, he said, was experimental in character. Mr. Black referred to the opposition which it was stated General Jackson had manifested to banks of issue. While he was opposed to such banks he showed that he had great reliance in the State banks, and when he withdrew the Government deposits from the United States bank he placed them in the State banks.

Justice Taney had said with reference to this removal, that he "had no doubt that the State Banks could furnish a better circulating medium, quite as uniform in value as that which had been furnished by the United States Banks, and probably more so."

He declined to enter into a discussion of the merits of the State Bank system, but announced his opposition to the tax which has been laid upon the circulation of State Banks. He questioned the right of the House to continue the tax and urged that the people be permitted to settle this matter for themselves. He came from a State that had never repudiated its obligations and if any of its paper were still outstanding and should be offered for redemption it would be promptly redeemed in legal tender money.

Other speakers were Messrs. McCreary, (Dem. Ky) and Beckner (Dem. Ky.) in advocacy of the bill, and Haugen (Rep. Wis.) and Adams (Rep. Pa) in opposition. An animated colloquy occurred between Mr. Adams and Mr. Warner (Dem. N. Y.) respecting the operation of the McKinley law upon the wages of Pennsylvana coal miners, with which the proceedings of the afternoon closed.

The House adjourned at 4.45 until to-morrow.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

Full Report of the Bluefields Affair Sent to the Senate—Promotions in the Navy—Democratic Caucus on the Free Alcohol Clause of the New Tariff Act—The Question of an Extra Session of Congress—Capt. Howgate's Case—Senator Hill a Guest of the President at a Cabinet Dinner.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, January 3.—The President to-day sent to the Senate a full report of the Bluefields affair, comprising all the correspondence relating to the subject which has passed in the last two years, making a formidable document of over 600 pages. It shows that the Administration has practically succeeded in settling one of the most annoying international questions that has perplexed this Government for about 50 years and to the settlement of which some of the ablest statesmen of the United States, including Clayton, Marcy, Cass, Seward, Gish, Evarts, Blaine, Frelinghuysen and Bayard devoted their best efforts.

The President to-day nominated Lieutenant-Commander Franklin Hanford to be Commander; Passed Assistant Engineer Robert W. Galt to be Chief Engineer; Assistant Engineer Leopold to be Passed Assistant Engineer in the Navy.

A number of the Democratic members of the Senate Appropriation and Finance Committees, at a conference this afternoon, decided that the would endeavor to put on to the Urgent Deficiency bill a rider in the shape of a repeal of the free alcohol clause of the new tariff act. The subject is being quietly discussed and the Republicans were sounded this afternoon as to their feeling in regard to the matter. It is understood that the committee has been urged to effect the repeal of this law if possible and energetic efforts in that direction are being made. Republican leaders decline to commit themselves, but it is understood that they will oppose any attempt to revive the Tariff agitation and will not permit amendments, however small.

It is authoritatively stated this afternoon that President Cleveland has not considered the question of an extra session; that he does not believe one to be necessary; and that there is nothing in the situation at present which will justify his calling the Fifty-Fourth Congress together after adjournment on the 4th of March next. The authority for this statement is a member of Congress who talked with the President specifically upon this subject to-day. This gentleman thinks that the revenues consequent upon the collection of the income tax, the sugar tax and from other sources, will within a few months, give the Treasury Department a comfortable working surplus. He thinks it not improbable that Secretary Carlisle may be compelled to make another sale of probably $50,000,000 of bonds, but that when this shall have been done, the condition of the Treasury will be so improved that no further trouble need be apprehended. The gentleman in question while not approving the Carlisle banking bill, will vote for it, but says that its failure to become a law need not cause any apprehension.

"We have struggled along," he said, "for a quarter of a century under the present law, and we can manage to exist under it comfortably until the next Congress comes together at its proper time and enacts another law to succeed it."

The Treasury Department is informed that $300,000 in gold have been withdrawn from the New York sub treasury to day for shipment to Canada. This reduces the gold reserve to $88,494 083.

Judge Macomas this afternoon sustained the position of the U. S. District Attorney in the Howgate case, holding that the three new indictments found against Capt. Howgate, ex Chief of the Signal Service, for forgery and embezzlement were not barred by the statute of limitations. The trial of cases on their merits was set down for January 21st.

Senator Hill, of New York, was the guest of the President to-night at a Cabinet dinner, given at the Executive Mansion. This fact, in view of their past differences, is construed as an indication of closer personal and political relations between them in the future.

To-night's dinner was the first of the series usually given by the President during the Winter, and is regarded as the inauguration of the social season at the National Capital.

POSTOFFICE ROBBERS.

The Office at Decatur, Alabama, Plundered—Loss Estimated at $15,000—Important Arrests Made in Texas.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

MONTGOMERY, ALA., January 3.—A special to the *Age-Herald* from Decatur, Ala., says: The postoffice here was entered last night from the rear and the heavy iron safe opened and all the money and stamps contained therein taken, amounting to something over $1,000. All registered packages on hand were also taken, amounting to considerable but not definitely known how much. It will be safe to estimate the entire loss, including damage to safe, loss of funds on hand, stamps and registered mail, at $15,000. There is no clue to the robbers.

WASHINGTON, January 3.—The Chief Postoffice Inspector is in receipt of a telegram from Houston, Texas, announcing the arrest of Jim Martin, Jim Morgan and Al Reid, alias "Big Jim" for the robbery of postoffices at Bastrop, Bresnan, Navasota and other places. This is the gang of professionals who have been blowing safes in postoffices, express offices and banks, and the inspector considers the arrest a most important one.

The Modern Mother

Has found that her little ones are improved more by the pleasant laxative, Syrup of Figs, when in need of the laxative effect of a gentle remedy than by any other, and that it is more acceptable to them. Children enjoy it and it benefits them. The true remedy, Syrup of Figs, is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only.

BOLD ROBBERY.

Nearly $1,000 Taken from the Cashier's Office in the Cincinnati Post Office.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CINCINNATI, January 3.—One of the boldest robberies that has taken place in this city for years occurred this afternoon in the Government building. Within sight of hundreds of passing pedestrians Assistant Cashier Sparks, of the postoffice cashier's department, was held up by two robbers, who secured nearly $1,000 and made their escape. Mr. Sparks had returned from his lunch and was alone in the office when two well-dressed men entered. He arose from his chair and advanced toward them, intending to ask what their business was. As he neared them the two men jumped on Sparks, knocking him down and rendering him unconscious. While one of them held him the other grabed all the money in sight. He did it rapidly but coolly, and in a few seconds he had stored away in his pockets all the money. The exact amount is not known, but it is estimated that it will amount to something between $750 and $1,000. After the robber had secured the money his companion released his hold on Sparks and together they fled. They had hardly reached the corridor when Sparks gave the alarm, but the fellows had evidently timed their visit and had laid all plans to get away. All sight of them was at once lost. The entire detective force was set to work on the case and all police stations were notified and descriptions telephoned all over the country.

LATER—After three hours of the shrewdest kind of detective work Chief of Police Deitsch and his detectives this evening caused Frank H. Sparks to confess that he was a thief, and that his sensational statements were lies. He confessed having secreted the money in the office. The contusion on his head was produced by his falling on the floor purposely at full length, and butting his head to bring blood. Over $600 was found where he had secreted it, and he was locked up.

THE PRIZE RING.

Billy Murphy the Winner in a Contest with Mackelwiski at Cincinnati.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CINCINNATI, January 3.—Before 1.500 people in the Olympic Athletic Club House to-night, Billy Murphy, the Australian, defeated Mackelwiski in the most vicious fight seen here for years. As early as the sixth round Murphy had his man bloody and groggy, but Mackelwiski held out for three more rounds. Before the ninth round was finished the police stopped the fight and Murphy was declared the winner.

WARM WIRELETS.

A caucus of the Democratic Representatives in the Massachusetts Legislature nominated Hon. John E. Russell for U. S. Senate.

Mrs. Mary T. Lathrop, President of the Michigan W. C. T. U., died yesterday morning of general neuralgia, aged 56 years. She had been ill for about a year.

Gov. Mitchell, of Florida, has revoked the requisition for H. M. Flagler, of New York, issued at the request of Gov. Hogg, of Texas, under date of December 29d, 1894.

Violent earthquakes in Italy shook Reggio, Messina and Milazzo yesterday morning. The inhabitants fled in panic from their houses, and few had returned last evening.

The order relieving Lieut. Commander W. S. Cowles as U. S. naval attachee to the London embassy, has been recalled at the instance of Ambassador Bayard.

The John L. Sullivan Company was disbanded at Paris, Illinois, yesterday. Sullivan was drinking a good deal, even for him, and made trouble for all with whom he came in contact.

It is reported that the Czar of Russia intends to summon to St. Petersburg the prominent officials and personages of all the provinces of the empire in order to ascertain the exact situation and the desires of the people.

The Liverpool (Eng.) Dock Board has resolved to expend the sum of £86,800 in improvements which will enable Atlantic line steamers to debark their passengers upon a landing stage, instead of bringing them ashore by means of tenders.

George Siddons, the well known Eastern feather-weight, and Johnny Lavack, of Columbus, Ohio, fought a 12 round draw before the Cleveland, Ohio, Athletic Club last night. Both men were badly punished.

A vigilance committee of 100 men has been organized in Sacramento, Cal. Every block in the city was patrolled last night and all men found on the streets who could not give a good account of themselves were arrested.

Owing to the prevalence of smallpox on the Pamunkey reservation in King William county, the city of Richmond, Va., has quarantined against Lester Manor and the Whitehouse, the two stations on the York River railroad, nearest the infected territory.

Francis II, the last King of Naples, was buried yesterday from the Parish church in Arco, the Tyrol. An enormous throng of spectators gathered in the streets to see the procession. Everything was done with royal pomp.

Sixty-six stables are represented in the entries for the stake events which will be run off at Gravesend N. Y., this year, under the auspices of the Brooklyn Jocky Club. These are all Eastern stables. The nominations from the West have not yet been received.

Two Italian army officers, Tofani and Vergori, fought a duel to the death near the French frontier. Sabres were the weapons. The duel lasted nearly an hour. Vergori died on the ground and Tofani is dying from loss of blood.

There is every indication of an early resumption of the knitting business at Cohoes, N. Y., and that centre of the industry. A large addition is being made to the Atlantic mill, and work will be carried on day and night next week at Egbert's mill. Other mills also show signs of activity.

A committee has been organized in Charleston, S. C., to co-operate with the New York committee in erecting a suitable memorial to the late George William Curtis. Judge Chas H Simonton, of the U. S. Circuit Court, was made chairman of the committee, and Arthur L. Jones, secretary.

Gen. Baratieri, Commander of the Italian forces in East Africa, has returned to Kassala after making a demonstration for several days against the Mah districts. He had with him a force of 5,000 men. He telegraphs that he awaits with full confidence any event and does not wish reinforcements.

President Chas. F. Mayer, of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Co., makes a sweeping denial that the property is harassed by debt or otherwise; he says that the fixed charges, car trusts, sinking funds, etc., due January 1, amounting to nearly $1,000,000, were paid without borrowing a dollar.

Dr. Henry Goldthwaite, resident physician of the Fifth Avenue hotel since 1878, died suddenly yesterday morning from apoplexy. He was the son of the late Judge Henry Goldthwaite, of Alabama. He entered the Confederate army as a private, rose rapidly and at the close of the war had the rank of major. He was twice married and leaves two children, a son and a daughter.

Mattings at 8½c, worth 15c; 20c cotwarp matting, worth 35c, to-day at Katz & Polvogt's, 116 Market street. †

KENTUCKIANS FIGHT.

An Episode of the Pollard-Breckinridge Trial.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

LEXINGTON, KY., January 3.—Col. Breckinridge's law partner, John T. Shelby, who during the Pollard-Breckinridge trial, attacked an attorney for Miss Pollard in the court house at Washington, attacked Editor C. C. Moore, of the Probibition paper *Blue Grass Blade* this afternoon. The *Blade* this afternoon contained an article asking Miss Pollard to join the editor on a lecture tour. The article concluded thus: "She has more sense than Billy Breckinridge and his man Friday, Ben Butterworth and Charles Still and Little Johnnie Shelby, all put together. She cleaned out the whole gang and did not lie once like all of them did."

Mr. Shelby, with George Shanklin, a young lawyer, went to Moore's office, where they found him. Shanklin asked him if he intended to say that Mr. Shelby had lied, and if so, he wanted to know his reasons for making such a statement. Moore read the paragraph carefully, and said that he did not think it was so strong, and he did not know that he meant to say that Mr. Shelby had lied.

Moore's manner showed his indifference to the whole matter, and Shelby excitedly abused Moore, who invited the lawyers to leave his office. Shelby refused to do so. Moore then said he would leave and started toward the door. Shelby by this time was livid with rage, and jumping in the air smashed Moore over the head with his cane. He struck so hard that the cane broke, and then with his left hand grabbed at a big bunch of Moore's whiskers. He pulled the whiskers out and then Moore grabbed his assailant around the arms, holding him so tightly that he could do no more violence. When the little lawyer had cooled down somewhat, the editor released his hold and the visitors left.

GOLD COINAGE.

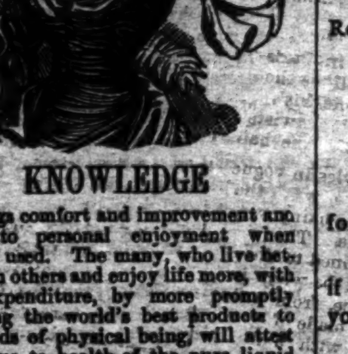
Twenty-two Millions Dollars of Bullion to be Turned Into Eagles and Half Eagles at the Philadelphia Mint.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 3.—Director of the Mint, Mr. Preston, to-day instructed Superintendent Townsend of the Philadelphia Mint to begin the coinage of $22,000,000 of gold bullion now stored in the mint and which is a part of the gold reserve. The gold will be coined into eagles and half eagles, and the work will occupy a month.

The director stated that there is enough silver bullion in the mint to keep the forces busy for five years were it to be coined. The disposition of the metal, however, is subject to the order of the Secretary of the Treasury, and no statement has been issued regarding it.

The Japanese envoys in Europe have been instructed to watch the chances among European princesses to get a bride for the Mikado heir. Failing to find a princess, they should seek a nobleman's daughter or an American heiress.



KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 10 cents per line each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 25 cents. Terms, positively cash in advance. Fractions of lines counted as whole lines.

$75.00 a week paid to ladies and gents to sell the Rapid Dish Washer. Washes and dries them in two minutes without wetting the hands. No experience necessary; sells at sight; permanent position. Address W. P. Harrison & Co., Clerk No. 11, Columbus, Ohio. jan 3 6t

Wanted—Position as Traveling Salesman to represent a reliable Grocery or Hardware House in Eastern North Carolina and South Carolina. Address Lock Box No. 219, Laurinburg, N. C. jan 3 3t

Ralph's Snuff and City Talk Cigarettes, wholesale or retail, at lowest prices. Also, cheapest line and best assortment of Tobacco in the city. N. McKinnon, Commission Merchant and Wholesale and retail Grocer, No. 3 South Water street. e3l

Men and Women to work at home! I pay $8 to $16 per week for making Crayon Portraits, new patented method; any one who can read or write can do the work at home, in spare time, day or evening. Send your address. I send work at once. H. A. Gripp, German Artist, Tyrone, Pa. dec 4t sa th

Hayden, P. H., has in stock buggies, road carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. e3l

Beautiful Photographs—I have just received the finest line of Photographic accessories and scenery ever brought to Wilmington. To introduce it cut this out and bring it to me and I will give you 25 cents for it provided you take twelve of my best Cabinets. U. C. Ellis, 114 Market street, Wilmington, N. C. e3l

H. E Bonitz, "Bachelor of Engineering," Architect and Superintendent. Plans and estimates furnished on application. Personal supervision a specialty. e3l

John S. McEachern, 211 Market street, Dealer in Grain, Hay and all kinds of Mixed Feed. Leave orders, or call us through Telephone 92. e3l

Portner's Beer for purity, Portner's Beer for quality, Portner's Beer for everybody. That's the tune they all sing—Portner's Beer for everybody. e3l

Palmetto Brewing Co., of Charleston, S. C. Export, Rice and Lager Beer. Branch office No. 402 Nutt street; deliveries promptly made anywhere in city. F. Richter, Manager. e3l

Spirittine Chemical Co., L. Hansen manager. Wood distillers and refiners; Mfrs of Spirittine Oil for wood and iron preservation; Spirittine Paint, Tar Oil, distilled Tar and the 3 Spirittine remedies. e3l

Ready—24 Parts of the American Encyclopaedic Dictionary. See how cheaply this great work may be secured through the STAR. Advertisement in another column. tf

Wrapping Paper. If you wish to buy old news papers, suitable for wrapping paper, or placing under carpets, almost at your own price, call at the STAR Office. Sept 22 tf

THE MAILS.

On and after Sunday, Nov. 18, 1894, the Mails at the Wilmington, N. C., Postoffice, will close and be ready for delivery as follows:

CLOSE.

For Mt. Airy and way stations—C F & Y V Railroad	9.00 a m
For Southport,	9.00 a m
" " Saturdays	1.00 p m
For Shallote (Brunswick Co.), Tuesdays and and Fridays	8.30 a m
For Wrightsville (except Sunday)	1.15 p m
For North and way stations—W & W R R.	5.00 a m
For Cape Fear River Tuesdays and Fridays	1.00 p m
For South via Train 23 at Wilson, leaving here train 40 W & W Railroad	5.30 p m
For South and way stations W C & A R R	9.30 p m
For North, Magnolia, Goldsboro, Wilson	5.30 p m
For Charlotte & stations—C C R R, ex Sunday	6.00 am
For points between Charlotte and Hamlet, and Weldon and Hamlet, and Cronly, Maxton & Laurinburg,	8.30 p m
For Newbern and stations W., N. & N. R. R except Sunday.	6.00 a m
For Jacksonville, N C, except Sunday,	3.00 p m

MAILS READY FOR DELIVERY (WHEN THE TRAINS ARE ON TIME).

From Mt. Airy and points C F & Y V R R	5.50 p. m
From Charlotte and points C C R R	8.30 p m
From South and points W, C & A R R	10.00 m
From Landings Cape River, Tuesday, Friday	8.00 a m
From North—Magnolia, Goldsboro and Wilson—"Shoofly"	11.00 a m
From South—W & W train No. 41	11.00 a m
From Southport	6.00 p m
" " Saturdays	11.00 a m
From Shallotte and Brunswick Co—Monday and Thursday	7.00 p m
From Wrightsville	6.45 p m
From North and way stations W & W R R	7.00 p m
From Newbern and stations W N & N R R except Sunday.	3.00 p m
From Charlotte, Laurinburg, Maxton and Cronly,	8.45 a. m
From Jacksonville, N. C.	10.30 p m

Average time consumed in delivery of Special Delivery letters, 18 minutes.

GEO. L. MORTON Postmaster.

A Novel for Four Cents.

For four to five cents each you can get novels by Charles Reade, A. Conan Doyle, Rider Haggard, Miss Mulock, Miss Braddon, Wilkie Collins, Robert L. Stevenson, Alex. Dumas, Mrs. Henry Wood, Mrs. Southworth, Emerson Bennett, Nathaniel Hawthorne, W. M. Thackeray, Charles Dickens, Captain Marryat, Jules Verne and many others. These books can be obtained through the STAR. Read announcement in another column.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

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—OF—

UNDERWEAR.

Having purchased ten cases of

Undershirts & Drawers

At the Bankrupt Sale of

Stern & Co. of New York,

AT

50 Cents on the Dollar,

We will give you

The best bargains

Ever offered

In Wilmington.

Shirts and Drawers.

Regular price $2.50 each, Our price $1.50.

Regular price $2.00 each, Our price $1.25.

Regular price $1.50 each, Our price $1.

Regular price $1.00 each, Our price 50 cents.

☞ Would call your attention to our Stock of HATS.

Just received 30 doz., far below former prices.

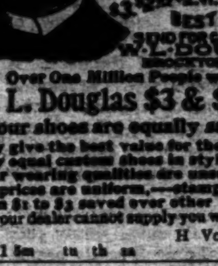
☞ Anything you purchase of us, if you are not pleased come and get your money back.

S. H. FISHBLATE,

KING CLOTHIER.

dec 9 tf

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE IS THE BEST. FIT FOR A KING.



$5. CORDOVAN, FRENCH & ENAMELLED CALF.
$4.$3.50 FINE CALF & KANGAROO.
$3.50 POLICE, 3 SOLES.
$2.50 $2. WORKINGMEN'S EXTRA FINE.
$2. $1.75 BOYS' SCHOOL SHOES.
·LADIES·
$3. $2.50 $2. $1.75 BEST DONGOLA.
SEND FOR CATALOGUE
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All our shoes are equally satisfactory

They give the best value for the money. They equal custom shoes in style and fit. Their wearing qualities are unsurpassed. The prices are uniform,—stamped on sole. From $1 to $3 saved over other makes. If your dealer cannot supply you we can. Sold by

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jan 1 3m tu th sa

New Arrivals.

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New Catch Mullets,

Bagging and Ties.

HALL & PEARSALL,

Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants,

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The Times

(PHILADELPHIA) THIS MORNING!

THE TIMES—Is the most extensively circulated and widely read newspaper published in Pennsylvania. Its discussion of public men and public measures is in the interest of public integrity, honest government and prosperous industry, and it knows no party or personal allegiance in treating public issues. In the broadest and best sense a family and general newspaper.

THE TIMES—Aims to have the largest circulation by deserving it, and claims that it is unsurpassed in all the essentials of a great metropolitan newspaper. Specimen copies of any edition will be sent free to any one sending their address.

TERMS—DAILY, $3 00 per annum, $1.00 for four months, 30 cents per month; delivered by carriers for 6 cents per week. SUNDAY EDITION, twenty-four large, handsome pages, 168 columns, elegantly illustrated, $2.00 per annum, 5 cents per copy. Daily and Sunday, $5.00 per annum, 50 cents per month. Weekly edition, 50 cents per annum.

Address all letters to THE TIMES, Philadelphia, Pa.

jan 3 tf

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Numbers of the Books wanted—

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A portion of the books named were offered by the STAR some time since; but, for the information of all who have heretofore ordered, attention is called to the large additions that have been made to the list.

LIST OF THE BOOKS.

No. 61—A Dark Night's Work; By Mrs. Gaskell.
No. 60—Christie Johnstone; By Charles Reade.
No. 59—Pretty Miss Smith; By Florence Warden.
No. 58—The Sign of the Four; By A. Conan Doyle.
No. 57—Allan's Wife; By H. Rider Haggard.
No. 56—Lady Latimer's Escape; By Charlotte M. Braeme, author of "Dora Thorne."
No. 55—King Arthur; By Miss Mulock.
No. 54—Allan Quarterman; By H. Rider Haggard.
No. 53—Grace Darnel; By Miss M. E. Braddon.
No. 52—Lady Diana's Pride; By Charlotte M Braeme, author of "Dora Thorde."
No. 51—A Rogue's Life; By Wilkie Collins.
No. 50—Treasure Island; By Robert L. Stevenson.
No. 49—Aunt Diana; By Rosa Nouchette Carey.
No. 48—The Red Hill Tragedy; By Emma D. E N. Southworth.
No. 47—Repented at Leisure; By Charlotte M Braeme, author of "Dora Thorne."
No. 46—The Twin Lieutenants; By Alex Dumas.
No. 45—Danesbury House; by Mrs Henry Wood.
No. 44—In Durance Vile; By "The Duchess."
No. 43—Meeting Her Fate; By Miss M E Braddon.
No. 42—Hickory Hall; By Emma D E N Southworth.
No. 41—The Heiress of Hilldrop; By Charlotte M Braeme, author of "Dora Thorne."
No. 40—Master Rockafellar's Voyage; By W. Clark Russell.
No. 38—A Little Rebel; By "The Duchess."
No. 37—The Pioneer's Daughter; By Emerson Bennett.
No. 36—A Trip to the Moon; By Jules Verne.
No. 35—Grandfather's Chair; By Nathaniel Hawthorne.
No. 34—Hilda, or The False Vow; by Charlotte M. Braeme, author of "Dora Thorne."
No. 33—The Surgeon's Daughter; By Sir Walter Scott.
No. 32—The Great Hoggarty Diamond; By W M Thackeray.
No. 31—No Thoroughfare; By Charles Dickens and Wilkie Collins.
No. 30—Flower and Weed; By Miss M E Braddon.
No. 29—The Wandering Heir; By Charles Reade.
No. 28—The Russian Gypsy; By Alex Dumas.
No. 27—The Squire's Darling; By Charlotte M Braeme, author of "Dora Thorne."
No. 26—Reuben's Bargain; By Mrs Alexander.
No. 25—Jennie Harlowe; By W Clark Russell.
No. 24—Mrs Meeson's Will; by H Rider Haggard.
No. 23—The Siege of Granada; By Sir E Bulwer Lytton.
No. 22—The Sea King; By Captain Marryat.
No. 21—A Scarlet Sin; By Florence Marryat.
No. 20—Mr. Gilfil's Love Story; By Geo Eliot.
No. 19—The Armorer of Tyre; By Sylv. Cobb, Jr.
No. 18—Lord Lysle's Daughter; By Charlotte M Braeme, author of "Dora Thorne."
No. 17—Rock Ruin, or The Daughter of the Island; By Mrs Ann S Stephens.
No. 16—A Study in Scarlet; By A Conan Doyle.
No. 15—Merle's Crusade; By Rosa Nouchette Carey.
No. 14—Nurse Revels Mistake; By Florence Warden.
No. 13—The Duchess; By "The Duchess."
No. 12—The Black Tulip; By Alexander Dumas.
No. 11—The Belle of Lynn, or The Miller's Daughter; By Charlotte M Braeme, author of Dora Thorne.
No. 10—A Noble Life; By Miss Mulock.
No. 9—The Black Dwarf; By Sir Walter Scott.
No. 8—Averil; By Rosa Nouchette Carey.
No. 7—Lady Grace; By Mrs Henry Wood.
No. 6—The Corsican Brothers; By Alex Dumas.
No. 5—Around the World in Eighty Days; By Jules Verne.
No. 4—King Solomon's Mines; By H Rider Haggard.
No. 3—Under the Red Flag; By Miss M E Braddon.
No. 2—The Mystery of Colde Fell, or Not Proven; By Charlotte M Braeme, author of "Dora Thorne."
No. 1—The Scarlet Letter; By Nathan'l Hawthorne.

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Commissioner's Sale.

By Virtue and in pursuance of a decree of the Superior Court of New Hanover County made and entered at the April term, A. D. 1894, in an action therein pending wherein John H. Gore was plaintiff and C. P. Lockey was defendant, the undersigned commissioner, duly appointed by said decree, will expose for sale, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, at the Court House door, in the City of Wilmington, on Monday, the 21st day of January, A. D. 1895, at 12 o'clock m., the following tract or parcel of land, to wit: Situate in the City of Wilmington, and beginning at a point in the Eastern line of Seventh street 99 feet south of the southeastern intersection of Seventh and Dawson streets, and running thence eastwardly parallel with Dawson street 165 feet, thence northwardly parallel with Seventh street 198 feet to the southern line of Dawson street, thence westwardly with the said southern line of Dawson street 33 feet, thence southwardly parallel with Seventh street 66 feet, thence westwardly parallel with Dawson street 66 feet, thence southwardly parallel with Seventh street 66 feet, thence westwardly parallel with Dawson street 66 feet, thence we twardly parallel with Dawson street 66 feet to the eastern line of Seventh street, thence southwardly with said eastern line of Seventh street 66 feet to the beginning the same being parts of the western halves of lots 1 and 2 and all of the Western half of lot No. 3 in Block No. 37 according to the official plan of the City of Wilmington.

E. K. BRYAN, Commissioner.

dec 30 4t th

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Notice.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE United States for the Eastern District of North Carolina, In the Fourth Circuit—At Wilmington:

The Farmers Loan and Trust Company, Trustees, Against The Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railroad Company, and others. } In Equity.

By virtue of an order made in the above-entitled cause on the 10th day of December, A. D 1894 by the Honorable Charles H. Simonton, Circuit Judge, the undersigned hereby gives notice to all creditors of the said Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley Railroad Company to file their claims in said Court at Wilmington, N. C., on or before the first day of February, A. D. 1895, and prove the same before the undersigned, appointed by said order Special Master to hear evidence and take proof of all such claims, at such time and place as he may appoint, of which notice will be given hereafter. All creditors failing to file their said claims as aforesaid, on or before said first day of February, A. D. 1895 will be excluded and deprived of the benefit of any decree to be rendered in said cause affecting creditors, by the terms of said order.

Wilmington, N. C., Dec. 12th, 1894.

E. S. MARTIN, Special Master.

dec 14 6t fr